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# Korean Affairs Report

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10 November 1983

## KOREAN AFFAIRS REPORT

No. 321

## CONTENTS

## INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

Foreign Papers Criticize IPU Meeting To Be Held in Seoul (KCNA, 13, 18 Oct 83) .....	1
IPU Conference Called 'Unjust' Danish Press Reaction	
Koreans in U.S. Pass Reunification Resolution (KCNA, 17 Oct 83) .....	4
Reaction Reported on Rangoon Bombing (KCNA, various dates) .....	6
KCNA Statement, South's Accusation Worker Outraged Over KCNA Statement Japanese Figures Talk on Explosion Foreign Media Criticize Chon Workers Flay South Foreign Media on KCNA Statement TANJUG Notes Chon May Be Involved Japanese Paper Flays Chon RPR Statement on Bombing Foreign Remarks on Bombing Daily Flays 'Intrigues' of Chon Tu-hwan Foreign Remarks on KCNA Statement	
Labor Hero Hammers South's Anticommunism (KCNA, 14 Oct 83) .....	20
Briefs	
Students Sentenced for Rallies	22
Inevitable Fight With Chon	22
South's Military Drills Denounced	22
Student Detained for Demonstration	23
S. Korean Rulers' Crimes	23

## NORTH KOREA

### POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Editorial: Strengthen Work With Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel (Editorial; MINJU CHOSON, 25 Aug 83).....	24
Daily Stresses Political 'Chajusong' (KCNA, 15 Oct 83).....	28
Table of Contents KULLOJA No 10, Oct 83 (KULLOJA, No 10, 1 Oct 83).....	30

### ECONOMY

Steel Plant To Increase Production Capacity (KCNA, 18 Oct 83).....	31
KCNA Introduces Chaenyong Farm Machine Station (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	32

### SOCIAL CONDITIONS

KCNA Reports Pyongyang Construction Achievements (KCNA, 18 Oct 83).....	34
--	----

### MEDIA AND THE ARTS

Kim Chong-il Praised for Creating Revolutionary Operas (KCNA, 15 Oct 83).....	35
Book About Kim Chong-il Published in Japanese (KCNA, 15 Oct 83).....	38
Japanese Interviewed on Music Honoring Kim Chong-il (KCNA, 17 Oct 83).....	40
Daily Notes DPRK Is Cradle of Happiness (KCNA, 17 Oct 83).....	42
Daily on Kim Chong-il's Treatise Anniversary (KCNA, 17 Oct 83).....	44
Daily Hails People's Revolutionary Spirit (KCNA, 17 Oct 83).....	47
Bangladesh Visitor Praises Kim Chong-il (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	50

Foreign Media Report Kim Chong-il Treatise (KCNA, 20 Oct 83).....	52
Foreign Media Celebrate WPK Founding (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	53
Film on Kim Chang-il PRC Visit Shown in Japan (KCNA, 20 Oct 83).....	55
<b>Briefs</b>	
Treatise Published in Iran	57
<b>KOREANS IN JAPAN</b>	
Japanese Dietmen Adopt Appeal on South-Rigged Charges (KCNA, 15 Oct 83).....	58
Chongnyon Marks Kim Chong-il Treatise Anniversary (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	59
Asian Chuche Institute on DPRK Founding (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	60
<b>FOREIGN RELATIONS</b>	
Korean Paper in U.S. Flays Chon's 'Image Scheme' (KCNA, 18 Oct 83).....	61
KCNA on Foreign Media Report on KCNA Statement (KCNA, 16 Oct 83).....	62
KCNA on Second Session of 12th CPC Central Committee (KCNA, 13 Oct 83).....	63
Kim Il-song Replies to PRC, Soviet, Other Leaders (KCNA, 13 Oct 83).....	64
APN Marks USSR-DPRK Ties Anniversary (KCNA, 13 Oct 83).....	67
KCNA Reports on Arrival, Departure of Foreign Figures (KCNA, 1 Oct 83).....	68
DFRF Delegation Returns From Romania, Yugoslavia (KCNA, 8 Oct 83).....	69
Japanese Praise Kim Il-song, Kim Chong-il (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	70
KCNA Cites Korean Paper in Canada on Taegu Bombing (KCNA, 14 Oct 83).....	72

PRAVDA Marks Establishment of USSR-DPRK Relations (KCNA, 14 Oct 83).....	73
Kim Il-song Replies to Foreign Figures (KCNA, 15 Oct 83).....	74
Meeting of Mali-DPRK Group Held 18 October (KCNA, 18 Oct 83).....	75
Kim Chong-il Receives Foreign Messages (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	77
LSWK Arranges Excursion to Historical Sites (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	79
Chinese Media Report Kim Il-song Speech (KCNA, 20 Oct 83).....	80
<b>Briefs</b>	
Thai Delegation Hosts Party	81
Outgoing PDRY Envoy	81
Vietnamese Minister Visiting Delegation to Portugal	81
Delegation Returns From Portugal	82
Outgoing Burundi Envoy	82
Egyptian Army Day Reception	82
Reply From SRV Leader	82
CSSR Posts, Telecommunications Delegation	82
Reply From PRC Leaders	83
Leaders Thanked for Greetings	83
Japanese Delegation	83
Delegation Visits Syria	84
Hwang Chang-yop Meeting	84
Chongnyon Functionaries	84
Koreans From Japan	84
Delegation to Uganda	85
PDRY Revolution Anniversary	85
Letters From Foreign Countries	85
Blockade of Awali River Line	86
Reply From PRC Leaders	87
Letter From Chuche Institute	87
UNFAO Director General	87
Reply From Premier Zhao Ziyang	87
Letter to Cypriot Progressive Party	88
Reply From al-Qadhafi	88
Hungarian Military Delegation	88
Kim Il-song Anniversary Speech	88
GDR Education Delegation	89
Message to Niger President	89

Mali-DPRK Group Leaves for Home	89
Chongnyon Group Visits	89
Swedish Friendship Group	89
Polish Newspaper Delegation Arrives	89

INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

NODONG SINMUN Condemns Mid-East Strike Force (KCNA, 19 Oct 83).....	91
<b>Briefs</b>	
Berlin Celebrations Noted	92

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

FOREIGN PAPERS CRITICIZE IPU MEETING TO BE HELD IN SEOUL

IPU Conference Called 'Unjust'

SK131021 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1012 GMT 13 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 13 Oct (KCNA)--The 6 October issue of SINHAN MINBO, a newspaper of Koreans published in the United States, carried an editorial exposing the unjust nature of the Seoul conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

Noting that in defiance of powerful opposition of the South Korean people, overseas Koreans and the world people, the Seoul conference opened without the participation of many member nations, which is unprecedented in the history of the IPU, the editorial said:

It goes against the aim of its founding that the IPU with the purpose of developing parliamentary democratic politics convened its conference in Seoul, the seat of the military dictatorial "regime" which ruthlessly obliterates parliamentary politics and made the National Assembly a bridesman.

To support the present military dictatorial "regime" which is bellicose and splittist means to further promote the heightening of tension on the Korean Peninsual and the fixation of the division.

Exposing the U.S. imperialists' despicable purpose and intrigues in manipulating the Seoul conference, the editorial said:

The forces which convened the Seoul conference in disregard of the powerful opposition at home and abroad have conducted a reckless international diplomatic campaign, that is, the Seoul conference, to prolong the Chon Tu-hwan military dictatorial "regime" which is faced with international isolation and frustration and maintain their neo-colonialist policy.

This is also connected with their veiled strategy seeking to use more effectively the boycott of the socialist countries which they expected from the beginning in intensifying the cold war.

Noting that the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique isolated and contempted in the world is disgracing itself once again internationally with the conference as an occasion, the editorial stressed that patriotic compatriots at home and abroad should actively rise in the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and democracy to defend the honour of the nation.

#### Danish Press Reaction

SK180931 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0823 GMT 18 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 18 Oct (KCNA)--Member of Parliament Ole Henriksen, delegate of the Socialist People's Party of Denmark, in his speech at the 70th conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union denounced the "decision" designating South Korea under the sway of fascist dictatorship as the venue of the conference.

Saying that the Socialist People's Party of Denmark deplores the decision to hold the IPU conference in Seoul, he declared: We decided to attend the conference and express our stand against the wrong designation of Seoul as the venue of the conference.

We think that it is very wrong to have decided to hold the IPU conference in a part of artificially divided Korea in disregard of the usage of choosing its venue on the principle of consensus.

We cannot agree to holding the conference in the place where the military rulers harshly suppressed the Kwangju people when they rose up for democratic rights.

Today we are unable to meet in this conference hall with leading politicians demanding democracy in South Korea.

One-time "presidential" candidate Kim Tae-chung was expelled after being persecuted for several years and Kim Yong-sam and other democrats are still persecuted.

I call upon the attendants at the conference to express through this rostrum solidarity with the democratic figures in their struggle for democratizing the South Korean society.

I propose that this conference, while it is meeting, forms a delegation and meets with South Korean democrats to directly convey to them worldwide support and encouragement extended by the world people who support democracy.

According to Danish papers, the South Korean puppets enraged at this speech of Ole Henriksen, committed all base acts against him.

The Danish paper EKSTRA BLADET 12 October in its article titled "Secret Police Shadows Danish Politician" said: Ole Henriksen is regarded as "a spy of North Korea" for his speech. He has been put in a dangerous position by the South Korean secret police.

When information about the special activity of the South Korean secret police around Ole Henriksen reached from Seoul, the chairman of the parliamentary group of the Socialist People's Party of Denmark demanded the Danish Foreign Ministry to guarantee his safety.

Gert Petersen, chairman of the Socialist People's Party of Denmark, said: "The South Korean authorities should know of the regulations of the IPU respecting the freedom of speech and freedom of individuals."

Another Danish paper AKTUEL 12 October, in its article titled "South Korean secret police investigates M.P. Ole Henriksen of Socialist People's Party of Denmark," said: Ole Henriksen said in his telephone interview:

Some people say I spoke the view of the North side. But, this is not true. I am only struggling for democracy.

After the Rangoon incident the South Korean secret police is trying to get information about me.

My condition here now is unpleasant.

Everywhere I see soldiers standing--at the hotel, the conference hall, etc.

CSO: 4100/014

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

KOREANS IN U.S. PASS REUNIFICATION RESOLUTION

SK171217 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1052 GMT 17 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--Koreans living in different areas of the United States held recently the fourth training course for national unification in North America and held a forum on the theme "strategy and tactics of reunification movement" according to a recent issue of SINHAN MINBO, a Koreans' paper published in the United States.

Attending there were Korean personages from New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Los Angeles, etc.

Congratulatory speeches were made by Kim Song-nak, chairman of the Society for Promotion of National Reunification; Cha Sang-tal, senior chairman of the South California National Council for the Restoration of Democracy in the Homeland in the United States; Bo Ui-son, an executive of the Society for Promotion of National Reunification; and other personages, and then Kuk Yong-kil, chairman of the Council in the U.S. for Democracy and Independent Reunification, made a keynote report.

The meeting adopted a resolution the keynote of which is the promotion of national independence movement against outside forces and acceleration of the anti-fascist Democratic United Movement.

The resolution says:

1. Stressing that the target of the present stage which the Movement of National Reunification aims at is the establishment of a democratic coalition government with the people playing the leading part through the victory of the anti-fascist, democratization movement, we will devote all our efforts to the achievement of national independence against outside forces, its prerequisite.

2. We support the declarations of the "National Independence Movement Against Outside Forces" which were adopted at various conferences including the second dialog between North and overseas Christians for the reunification of Korea held in Helsinki in December 1982, the meeting of overseas Koreans for national problem in New York in May 1983, and the sixth Kyoto

symposium of overseas Koreans for the reunification of the nation in July 1983, and push forward their realisation.

3. For an effective attainment of the afore-said immediate targets, we will make the forces of our movement more conscious and organized and actively promote the broad anti-fascist, Democratic United Movement, keenly feeling its necessity.

4. To see that all the democratic forces at home and abroad form a united movement demanded by the obtaining situation and the people at home and abroad while readjusting and strengthening the forces of the reunification movement, we will play the role of its compost.

5. We will support the movement for democratization and independent reunification at home and abroad, expressing solidarity with it, and promote the integration of the internal and external movement.

6. We denounce Reagan's trip and all international activities for fixing the division and supporting the Chon Tu-hwan "regime."

CSO: 4100/014

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

REACTION REPORTED ON RANGOON BOMBING

KCNA Statement, South's Accusation

SK140814 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 14 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--The statement of the Korean Central News Agency dated 12 October denouncing the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique for provoking us, linking with us the explosion in Rangoon, has evoked sympathy of the entire people.

Yi Hong-kyu, a student of Kim Chong-tae University of Education, said in an angry tone: Now our hearts are burning with bitter indignation at the U.S. imperialists, the inveterate enemy, and the South Korean puppet clique. We are filled with firm determination to turn out as one man and mete out a stern punishment to the enemy, if he acts recklessly under a groundless pretext.

Though we are the new generation who has not heard the gun report of a war, we know too well of the aggressive and crafty nature of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges.

There is no clarification of the truth of the incident as yet, but the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique are now linking it with us in a far-fetched manner. They seek in this to incite North-South confrontation, increase tensions and, furthermore, start a new war in Korea, with this incident as an occasion.

Today the South Korean students and people are rising up unyieldingly in resistance everywhere, closing their ranks under the banner of the anti-U.S. struggle for independence, and voices branding and denouncing the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique as hangmen and murderers of democracy are ringing louder with each passing day in all parts of the world.

The U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique are floundering in uneasiness and terror, isolated and rejected at home and abroad and driven into a serious politico-economic crisis. They dare attempt to frighten us with a reckless war racket, while seeking a way out of this in

the sinister political intrigues and new war provocation maneuvers. But this is nothing but last-ditch efforts of the doomed and they can get nothing from this.

We, the new generation of the chuche type, rallied closer than in any other time around the great leader and the glorious party center, will maintain high vigilance against the provocative intrigues of the enemy and mete out severe punishment to him, if he recklessly pounces upon us.

If the party and the leader call me, I will change the book for a rifle and courageously go out to the sacred struggle for sweeping away the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and fully display one-beats-a-hundred strength which I have cultivated to destroy the enemy on the defence line of the fatherland.

#### Worker Outraged Over KCNA Statement

SK140831 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0818 GMT 14 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--Chong Chang-chu, a chief furnaceman of the Kangson steel complex, burst into a rage when he heard the statement of the Korean Central News Agency in front of the furnace just before the teeming. He said:

Now we workers in Kangson feel bitter hatred for the South Korean puppet clique who invented a groundless pretext with the explosion in Rangoon to heap abuses on us and are now kicking up a frenzied anti-communist, anti-DPRK racket.

As for the bomb explosion in Rangoon, the Chon Tu-hwan clique should think first of the never-to-be-condoned crimes they have committed against the nation and humanity as faithful stooges of U.S. imperialism, instead of provoking us who had nothing to do with the incident and launching into a reckless anti-communist, anti-DPRK campaign.

Traitor Chon Tu-hwan who seized power in South Korea after the "October incident" under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists and made his appearance as a ferocious military fascist dictator and murderer has not only brutally suppressed and murdered the South Korean people who rose in the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and in the anti-fascist struggle for democracy but also joined the U.S. imperialists in their war of aggression in Vietnam to murder many guiltless people and obstructed in every way the just liberation struggle of the oppressed peoples, hand in glove with the Israeli aggressors and the South African racist clique.

A mad dog is fated to be flogged everywhere it goes.

Nevertheless, the South Korean puppets, together with their master, the U.S. imperialists, placed the entire puppet army and U.S. imperialist aggression forces in South Korea on a full combat alert, alleging that we

"instigated behind the scene" the explosion. This vividly shows that they are trying to use it for their sinister political intrigues to incite North-South confrontation and further increase tensions.

They must act with discretion, looking squarely at the realities, and immediately give up such mean and shameful intrigues as arbitrarily provoking us.

If the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique lead the situation on the Korean Peninsula to an irrevocable phase under groundless pretexts, the workers of Kangson who have always been faithful to the calls of the party and the leader will change the pokers for bayonets and mete out a fatal punishment to them.

For the present, we will hasten the production of steel and the project for the expansion of capacity in a strained and mobilized posture while vigilantly watching the enemy's moves and thus carry out the yearly assignments and the second 7-year plan ahead of schedule and actively contribute to increasing in every way the political, economic and military potentials of our republic.

#### Japanese Figures Talk on Explosion

SK150916 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0856 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--Japanese figures of various circles issued talks recently denouncing the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique for groundlessly connecting the explosion in Rangoon with us.

Critic Yoshihisa Kajitani said: Even before no clue to the incident was found right after it occurred, Chon Tu-hwan took issue with the DPRK. The truth of the incident has not yet been clarified. But it can be said definitely that the DPRK has nothing to do with the incident. There can be no ground for the DPRK to do so.

On the contrary, it must be a vicious act of forces which try to divert elsewhere the resistance of the people against the corrupt politics, tyranny and murderous atrocities of the South Korean "regime" and put down the anti-system, anti-U.S. struggle.

Critic Ayazo Kubo said: A man who calls himself "president" cried that the incident was an "act of the North" even before its truth was clarified. It cannot but be said this is a very thoughtless announcement. Probably such thing will be an unprecedented one.

If it rains or blows, the South Korean puppet regime cries that the communist, the DPRK is to blame. It can be said that this is their habitual tactics and their statement on the explosion in Rangoon fully revealed this nature.

I hate a terrorist act and so do people of the DPRK. There can be no terrorist act for people of the DPRK.

Lawyer Kinju Morikawa said: It can never be thought that the incident in Rangoon of Burma is a plot of the North, though Chon Tu-hwan claimed it is the North's act. Although nothing was made clear right after the incident, Chon Tu-hwan concluded that it was an "act of the North." This makes me feel strange. They try to deliberately connect the incident with the DPRK.

At the time of the Kim Tae-chung issue, the South Korean authorities, though the fingerprint of Kim Tong-un was found, refused to recognize it.

And at the time of the "August 15 shooting incident" in 1974, too, they advertised that it was an "act of the North." And at the time of the recent "case of a South Korean airliner" they provoked the DPRK which had nothing to do with it.

It is a habitual method of the South Korean military "regime" to reverse black and white.

Writer Roju Yoshitome said: The recent incident should be viewed, politically in connection with the growing movement in South Korea for overthrowing Chon Tu-hwan. The connection of the North cried about by Chon Tu-hwan right after the incident only gives doubt to the world people.

How could he alone be later at the scene than others?

We cannot believe the talk of the man who massacred fellow countrymen in Kwangju.

#### Foreign Media Criticize Chon

SK151120 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1055 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The unbiased public opinion of the world is condemning and ridiculing the South Korean puppets' foolish attempt to connect the explosion in Rangoon with our republic.

The Japanese ASAHI SHIMBUN enumerated the false propaganda of the puppets with regard to the explosion in Rangoon.

Specialists throw doubt as to the "criminal act of the North" from the fact that the relations between the North and Burma have become very close as a delegate of the North recently visited Rangoon, the paper said.

The Thai paper NATION REVIEW said "we cannot understand what the motive was behind the bomb blast," according to a foreign press report. It dismissed thus the false propaganda of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique.

The paper said: Chon Tu-hwan squarely blamed the attack on North Korea. There are several reasons to suspect his allegation.

North Korea had little to gain by trying to kill some of the top government officials, including the president, of South Korea because no political or any other kind of advantage would have been gained.

The Bangkok correspondent of the British BBC Radio expressed doubt as to the false propaganda of the South Korean puppets and said the diplomats in Bangkok don't recognize Chon Tu-hwan's claim that the North is to blame for the explosion.

AP said: A State Department official said that U.S. officials don't know of any evidence to support charges by the South Korean Government that North Korea was responsible for the bomb blast in Burma Sunday.

The official, who requested he not be identified, said: We have no evidence that it was the North; we don't know who it is.

Meanwhile AFP, in reference to the identities of three captured Koreans suspected of involvement in the bomb attack, said: Though South Korea charged that North Korea was responsible for the attack, unconfirmed reports circulating here said one of the three, described by the government only as "Korean nationals," had confessed under interrogation to being a South Korean dissident.

The 14 October issue of the Japanese paper SHAKAI SHIMPO in an editorial said: We can never tolerate the fascist rule of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime."

The Chon Tu-hwan "regime" which emerged, stained with the blood of the Kwangju massacre in May 1980 has strengthened diplomacy towards socialist and nonaligned countries to make up its weakness.

The recent incident took place on its extended line.

The convocation of the Inter-Parliamentary Conference in Seoul was evidently aimed at legalizing the military fascist "regime" internationally.

But internally, the power politics has been further facilitated and, along with the economic confusion, economic scandals of those who have connection with Chon Tu-hwan have been exposed one after another and people's discontent with them is growing stronger. This can be seen clearly in the increasing support of people to the special joint statement of Kim Tae-chung who was banished to the United States and of Kim Yong-sam whose political activities are banned.

In this sense, it can be said that the reaction of Chon Tu-hwan who linked the terrorist incident with the North immediately when it broke out is aimed to use it as a shield for preventing the internal wavering in South Korea.

This is because such terrorist act does never benefit the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which is accelerating socialist construction and desires the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, and has nothing to do with her.

Workers Flay South

SK150415 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0357 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--Upon hearing the statement of the Korean Central News Agency which was made public in denunciation of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique for provoking us by groundlessly connecting the explosion in Rangoon, Burma, with us, the people of all walks of life in our country are now unable to repress surging national indignation at the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean traitors.

Yi Pang-yol, deputy director of a dental prevention hospital of the Ministry of Public Health, had this to say: The Chon Tu-hwan group is groundlessly making much ado, connecting the explosion in Rangoon with us in a far-fetched way. This is aimed to divert elsewhere the attention of the South Korean students and people who have vigorously risen in the struggle against U.S. imperialism and for independence and prop up the crumbling military fascist rule.

It is also intended to go farther along the road of treachery to keep our country divided into "two Koreas" forever with the backing of the U.S. imperialists.

Together with the entire Korean people, we medical workers vehemently denounce the plot of the puppets with surging national indignation.

The South Korean puppets must immediately stop the foolish act of taking issue with us and act with discretion.

Yi Man-kol, chief furnace man of the steel shop of the Hwanghae iron complex, said that the entire steel makers of the complex are maintaining heightened vigilance against the provocative scheme of the South Korean puppets. He went on: The Chon Tu-hwan clique of traitors is playing a cheap trick to use the recent incident in putting down the mounting anti-U.S. struggle for independence and anti-fascist struggle for democracy of the South Korean students and people, leaving South Korea as a permanent colony of U.S. imperialism and improving its dirty image. But no one will be taken in by this trick.

We are closely watching the ominous racket raised in South Korea and fully prepared to crush the enemy at a stroke if he dare pounce upon us.

Pak Chun-yong, member of the Songdo cooperative farm in Kaesong, said: On what ground is the traitor Chon Tu-hwan frantically raising a hue and cry, slinging mud at us, with outcries over someone's "instigation" and "plot," when the truth of the incident has not yet been clarified?

No matter how frantically the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique may kick up a racket, slandering us, no one will be deceived by the habitual trick of this clique which is accustomed to the anti-communist smear campaign.

The Chon Tu-hwan clique of traitors must immediately stop despicable anti-communist smear campaign and step down from "power" at once.

Pak Kyong-chang, a worker of the North Pyongan Provincial General Tideland Reclamation Office, said: The South Korean puppets, along with the U.S. imperialists, their master, put the U.S. imperialist aggression forces in South Korea and the entire puppet army into a full combat posture and are leading the situation to the highest pitch of strain.

If the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique push the situation on the Korean Peninsula to an irrevocable phase, they will be held wholly responsible for all the serious consequences arising therefrom and have to meet a bitterer setback.

#### Foreign Media on KCNA Statement

SK151550 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1519 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--Foreign mass media widely reported the statement published on 12 October by the Korean Central News Agency.

On 12 October AFP, conveying the statement of the Korean Central News Agency, said: The statement published on 12 October by the Korean Central News Agency called "preposterous and ridiculous" the campaign against communism and the DPRK kicked up by South Korea with the Rangoon bomb blast, which claimed 16 South Korean lives, including four key South Korean "cabinet ministers," as an occasion.

"What have we to do with this explosion which took place in distant Burma," the KCNA statement rhetorically asked.

On the same day UPI stressed that the KCNA statement said that the assertion of South Korea that an explosion broke out on 9 October at the National Cemetery of Rangoon was "an act of the communist group of the North" is a preposterous and ridiculous act.

It further pointed out: The statement said that things vividly show that from the beginning South Korea intended to use the incident for its sinister political intrigues to incite North-South confrontation and further increase tensions.

The statement warned that the South Korean "Government" must look squarely at the realities and act with discretion, and promptly give up such mean and shameful intrigues as provoking us on groundless charges.

On 13 October AP, reporting the KCNA statement, said: If the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique doggedly push the situation on the Korean Peninsula to an irredeemable phase on preposterous grounds, they would be held entirely responsible for all the grave consequences arising therefrom, the KCNA statement said.

The statement noted that South Korea, along with the United States, ordered its army and the U.S. forces stationed in South Korea to enter into a full combat readiness and is deliberately aggravating antagonism and confrontation between the North and South.

On 12 October ANSA also reported the summary of the KCNA statement.

Japanese papers ASAHI SHIMBUN, MAINICHI SHIMBUN, NIHON KEIZAI SHIMBUN, SANKEI SHIMBUN, TOKYO SHIMBUN and AKAHATA reported the KCNA statement on 13 October.

MAINICHI SHIMBUN, AKAHATA and NIHON KEIZAI SHIMBUN said: The statement said that the outcries of the South Korean side that this incident was "an act of the communist group of the North" are preposterous and ridiculous, and totally denied the allegation of the South that the North is connected with the incident, saying that "to begin with, no terrorist act has been or can be proper to us."

NHK Radio and short-wave broadcasting of Japan also reported the gists of the KCNA statement.

The Egyptian papers AL GOUMHOURIA, AL AKHBAR, AL AHRAM and EGYPTIAN GAZETTE and the MENA News Agency of Egypt and Radio Cairo on 12 and 13 October reported the KCNA statement under the titles "The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Holds That the Utterances of South Korea Against the Northern Half of the Republic in Connection With the Explosion in Rangoon Were Preposterous and Ridiculous," "The DPRK Denounces the Groundless Outcries of Chon Tu-hwan," "Official Refutation of Pyongyang" and so on.

TANJUG Notes Chon May Be Involved

SK150922 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0837 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--Reporting the armed provocation the South Korean puppet clique committed along the military demarcation line on the night of 13 October, a TANJUG report from Tokyo yesterday says the observers in Tokyo assess that loud propaganda and the armed attack against the DPRK's forces are calculated at diverting the attention of the domestic and foreign public from Seoul's political and economic problems at home.

Noting that the South Korean puppet's accusations against Pyongyang would, perhaps, sound more plausible were they put forward with a minimum of evidence, TANJUG says: It is not ruled out in Tokyo that Chon Tu'hwan's "providential delay" in arriving at the scene of the tragic event might

not be accidental and that the South Korean dictator may be involved in the attack which decimated his cabinet.

Another possibility being suggested in Tokyo is that responsible for the attack is one of Chon Tu-hwan's opponents within the South Korean Army.

#### Japanese Paper Flays Chon

SK150405 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Tokyo, 14 Oct (KNS-KCNA)--The 14 October issue of the Japanese paper SHAKAI SHIMPO printed an editorial titled "Terrorism and Assassination by the Military 'Regime'."

The editorial said: Nineteen persons including four "cabinet ministers" of South Korea died in a terrorist act by a bomb on 9 October in Rangoon, the capital of Burma. Chon Tu-hwan who barely escaped death immediately revoked his tour of Pacific countries and returned to South Korea.

He instructed an "emergency cabinet meeting" to issue an "emergency alert order" throughout South Korea.

Right after the terrorist act by a bomb Chon Tu-hwan concluded that it was engineered by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and cried that "the plot of the North abroad should be resolutely denounced."

Despite this announcement of Chon Tu-hwan, the truth of the terrorist act by a bomb has not been brought to light at all.

We cannot tolerate the fascist politics of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime," nor can we recognize an attempt to attain an aim no matter how just it may be by terrorism.

There are several views on the recent terrorist incident by a bomb. But all of them are incorrect and it is dangerous to draw a hasty conclusion.

Certainly, the tension and confrontation between North and South Korea are grave. In particular, the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" which emerged, stained with blood in the Kwangju massacre in May 1980, has strengthened "diplomacy" towards the socialist countries and nonaligned countries to make up its weakness.

The recent incident took place on its extended line. And evidently, the convocation of the conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union in Seoul just before the foreign tour was for an international legalisation of the military fascist "regime."

But, internally they are further intensifying the power politics. Along with the economic confusion, economic scandals by those who have connection with Chon Tu-hwan were brought to light one after another and the people's discontent with them is growing stronger. This can be clearly seen in

the people's increasing support to a special joint statement of Kim Tae-chung banished to the United States and Kim Yong-sam whose political activities are banned.

In this sense, it can be said that the reaction of Chon Tu-hwan who promptly connected the recent incident with the North is aimed to use it as a shield for preventing internal wavering.

This is because such terrorist act as the recent incident does not benefit the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which is accelerating socialist construction and desires the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and has nothing to do with her.

It must be kept in mind that for the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" to create tension and confrontation because of the weakness of its political foundation goes against peace and stability in Asia including the Korean Peninsula.

#### RPR Statement on Bombing

SK172201 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0846 GMT 16 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 16 Oct (KCNA)--The spokesman of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification made public a statement on 12 October denouncing the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique for launching a frantic anti-communist, anti-DPRK campaign after being greeted with a powerful bomb attack in Rangoon, Burma, according to Radio "Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification."

The statement says: Finding himself in a fatal crisis, trounced at home and beaten abroad, the traitor Chon Tu-hwan is seeking a way out of it in anti-communism.

He is trying to deliver himself from the straits by the anti-communist, anti-North rackets, shifting the responsibility for the incident on to the North.

It is a bad habit of the successive dictators to launch into an anti-communist campaign, laying at the door of the North the blame for all the anti-"government" incidents at home and abroad.

When the investigation into the incident had not yet begun, the traitor Chon Tu-hwan concluded that this incident was a "work of the North" and leaves no stone unturned in fabricating facts to back this far-fetched allegation. And he has placed the whole of South Korea on "emergency alert" and is forcibly mobilizing people in all areas in the malicious anti-communist campaign.

He seeks in this to incite North-South confrontation and heighten tensions through the crafty use of the incident and thus evade the responsibility and bridge over the crisis of the fascist rule.

Considering that the frantic anti-communist, anti-North row raised by the Chon Tu-hwan group is a treacherous criminal act threatening peace of the country and obstructing its peaceful reunification, the Revolutionary Party for Reunification bitterly denounces this in the name of the entire people.

The responsibility for the explosion rests with the traitor Chon Tu-hwan, not with anyone else, and he must step down from power, answering for it, the statement demands, and stresses:

The traitor Chon Tu-hwan must immediately give up his reckless anti-communist racket creating discord within the nation and increasing the danger of war and stop all the anti-popular treacherous acts going against the national unity and the country's peaceful reunification.

The U.S. imperialists must discontinue encouraging the Chon Tu-hwan group to anti-communist confrontation and withdraw from this land, taking along all their aggression forces.

Patriotic people of various strata must not be embroiled in the anti-communist row of the Chon Tu-hwan clique but more daringly wage the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and anti-fascist struggle for democracy.

#### Foreign Remarks on Bombing

SK180905 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 18 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 18 Oct (KCNA)--Many foreign papers denounce the ridiculous act of the South Korean puppets in linking the explosion in Rangoon with our republic.

Pointing to the fact that the South Korean puppets are linking the explosion in Rangoon with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Indian paper HINDUSTAN TIMES on 11 October said that no one can think that the DPRK did such a meaningless act.

Noting that the DPRK has good relations with Burma, the paper stressed that it could never do such a thing at the risk of damage to these friendly relations.

The Indonesian paper SINAR HARAPAN on 10 October in a commentary titled "Bloodshed in Rangoon" said that the incident might be caused by an internal foe as in the case of the assassination of Pak Jung-hi in 1979.

Another paper of the country MERDEKA 11 October, commenting on the Rangoon explosion, said that there are political adversaries against the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" within South Korea.

The Iranian paper KAYHAN on 11 October in an article entitled "General Instability in South Korea" said that since he grabbed the "presidential" chair Chon Tu-hwan has persistently conducted "secret operations" for consolidating the foundation of his rule.

He has cracked down upon the slightest symptoms opposed to him by mobilizing army and police, the paper said.

The South Korean authorities, it noted, are clamouring about "threat from the North" to justify their action.

But the present situation of South Korea has resulted from the South Korean authorities' policy of depending on foreign forces and their anti-popular policy, it pointed out, and stressed: Today the South Korean "regime" is faced with very serious problems.

#### Daily Flays 'Intrigues' of Chon Tu-hwan

SK190503 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0446 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today notes that the traitor Chon Tu-hwan who caused the bomb blast in Rangoon and staged a big homicidal drama for his despicable and mean political purpose had the cheek to charge us with "involvement in the incident" and is kicking up a frantic anti-communist, anti-DPRK campaign as never before. This is a frenzied intrigue of the puppet to extricate himself out of the quagmire, says a commentary of the paper titled "Frenzied Intrigues Aimed at Finding Himself Out of Quagmire."

The author of the commentary says: The Chon Tu-hwan group staged a homicidal drama without precedent in the world's history of diplomacy in an alien land and is trying to blame us on it through fabrications in a far-fetched manner. Such frenzied racket of the clique is indeed a shameful rash act and a preposterous farce proper to lunatics who are obsessed with anti-communist intrigues.

The South Korean puppets' frenzied intrigues are an unpardonable challenge to us who are making all efforts for peace in the country and its independent and peaceful reunification and an intolerable mockery of the unbiased public opinion and human conscience which set store by justice and truth.

The conspiratorial racket kicked up against us by the Chon Tu-hwan group after staging in an alien land a heinous drama of murder is designed to deliver itself from isolation within and without, the commentary says, and goes on:

The 70th conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union through which the puppets tried to paint their filthy colonial regime as an "independent state" and realize the "two Koreas" plot ended in an unsightly meeting not worthy of the name owing to the rejection and boycott of socialist and nonaligned countries and many other countries and political parties of the world and, thereafter, the international isolation and crisis of the Chon Tu-hwan clique became worse.

By kicking up anti-DPRK racket through a shocking plot the traitor Chon Tu-hwan seeks an aim to tone down the South Korean people's anti-U.S., anti-fascist struggle and divert their attention elsewhere on the one hand and prolong the remaining days of the crumbling military fascist rule by inciting North-South confrontation and rendering the situation strained and thus perpetuating national split.

Through such preposterous intrigues the puppets also intend to conceal their treacherous and splittist nature and evade international isolation and rejection.

The traitor Chon Tu-hwan who does not hesitate to have his "cabinet ministers" and suite killed en masse for his insidious political ambition is indeed a truculent murderer and human-butcher who would overshadow the murderous tyrants ever known in history.

With no plot-breeding, however, can the Chon Tu-hwan group besmirch the prestige of the DPRK or evade the crisis facing it.

We will never tolerate the despicable and vicious smear campaign of the South Korean puppets against us nor will the world peaceloving people and unbiased public opinion at home and abroad overlook it.

#### Foreign Remarks on KCNA Statement

SK191139 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1022 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--Foreign mass media reported the statement of the Korean Central News Agency denouncing traitor Chon Tu-hwan's ridiculous act in groundlessly linking the Rangoon explosion with us.

Reporting the statement under the title "Stern Denunciation," the Bulgarian paper RABOTNICHESKO DELO 13 October said: Though the Burmese authorities have not yet made any official announcement clarifying the incident, Seoul is groundlessly linking this incident with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. With this slander, it seeks to aggravate the situation on the Korean Peninsula and justify the alert posture of the U.S. forces in South Korea and the puppet army.

Another Bulgarian paper ZEMEDELSKO ZNAME 13 October reported the same content.

The PRENSA LATINA News Agency of Cuba said: The new smear campaign of the Seoul "regime" and the United States and the combat posture taken by the South Korean puppet army and the U.S. occupation troops after the bomb blast in Rangoon are intended to increase tension on the Korean Peninsula on the pretext of the incident abroad.

The Cuban papers LOS TRABAJADORES and TRIBUNA 13 October carried a report of the PRENSA LATINA News Agency and the radio and television of the country reported the same content on 12 October.

Reporting the statement, the Malagasy radio and television on 14 October said: The Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique who narrowly escaped death in Burma are committing armed provocations in the military demarcation line area and carrying on a smear campaign against the DPRK, inciting division and war atmosphere in connection with this incident. But they can never deliver themselves from their pitiful position.

The KCNA statement was reported by the Syrian papers AL BAITH, AL-THAWRAH and TISHURIN, the Ghanaian paper PEOPLE'S DAILY GRAPHIC, the Finnish papers KANSAN UUTISET and HELSINKI SANOMAT, the Iranian paper KAYHAN, the Bangladesh paper BANGLADESH OBSERVER, the Nigerian paper NEW NIGERIAN, the Antara News Agency of Indonesia and the Aden News Agency and Radio of Democratic Yemen on 13 October, radios of Syria, Central Africa and Ghana on 12 October and the Malagasy paper ATRIKA and ANTA News Agency and the Algerian paper AL-MOUDJAHID and radio on 15 October.

CSO: 4100/014

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

LABOR HERO HAMMERS SOUTH'S ANTICOMMUNISM

SK140824 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0810 GMT 14 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--The KCNA statement denouncing the shameless smear campaign launched by the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, heaping abuses on us, after the explosion in Rangoon on 9 October is evoking widespread repercussions among the entire working people.

Labour hero Chang Yong-ik, a farmer of the Tokje cooperative farm, Pyongwon County, South Pyongan Province, said: The Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, after suffering a bomb attack in an alien land, are brazenly alleging that it was an "act of communist group of the North" and so on. What they are after in this is as clear as noonday.

He further said: To provoke the northern half of the republic whenever they are driven into a bog is an old game of the South Korean puppet clique who are prolonging their remaining days with anti-communism under the pretext of "threat of southward invasion."

The South Korean puppet clique frequently invented fictions to speak ill of us and provoke us in the past days. And, each time an incident occurred and confusion was created, they tried to groundlessly shift the responsibility for them on to us and justify their policies of division and war, inciting North-South confrontation.

The 15 August shooting incident, the Kim Tae-chung case, campus spying cases and all other anti-communist rackets with which the South Korean puppets made much ado to link them with us were dramas produced and directed by themselves.

After all these mud-slingings at us, the brazen-faced traitor Chon Tu-hwan, back to his den in panic after suffering a bomb attack in an alien land, is heaping abuses on us who have nothing to do with the incident, with outcries over "instigation" and so on, like one shaking his fist at home after being slapped on the face outside.

This well shows to what extent the anti-communist hysterics of the traitor Chon Tu-hwan has reached.

His anti-communist row is a foolish ruse to improve his pitiful position in which he is isolated and rejected at home and abroad and the last resort of the fascist maniac to extricate himself from the serious political crisis.

Now our agricultural working people are watching with high vigilance the heinous intrigues of the traitor Chon Tu-hwan.

He must give up the habitual anti-communist racket following in the footsteps of the former dictator and act with discretion.

For the present our agricultural working people will step up thrashing and attain the target of grain production with flying colors this year in a strained and mobilized posture against the frenzied anti-communist racket of the enemy and thereby consolidate the revolutionary base of the northern half of the republic as firm as a rock.

CSO: 4100/014

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

BRIEFS

STUDENTS SENTENCED FOR RALLIES--Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The South Korean military fascist clique recently staged a trial at the puppet Seoul District Criminal Court and sentenced So Ho-chun, Kong Kye-kon, Hyon Tok-su and Im Hyon-chu, students of Koryo University, to prison terms up to 3 years, according to a report. On 18 May these students waged a demonstration at Koryo University against the traitor Chon Tu-hwan in the van of fellow students, scattering over 700 anti-"government" leaflets reading "We are indignant." They were arrested and persecuted. Alarmed by the ever-mounting anti-U.S., anti-"government" spirit of South Korean students, the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, in an attempt to stamp out their patriotic struggle through harsh suppression, is staging fascist trials in succession to create a terror-ridden atmosphere. [Text] [SK150345 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 15 Oct 83]

INEVITABLE FIGHT WITH CHON--Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--The Japanese magazine SEKAI in its recent issue carried an article dealing with the intensified repressive policy of the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique. It stresses that the struggle of the South Korean people against the present power "is not a mere anti-power struggle, but a struggle of conscience against a robber and murderer and an inevitable struggle for self-defence." "It is common knowledge of the students and intellectuals that in South Korea the present clique in power survives because the military is standing behind it and the United States is behind the military," notes the article. Under such situation, it continues, it is not strange for the young people to totally deny the present institution and think that the future is dark unless the U.S. yoke is shaken off. The United States thinks that the strength of the army is the only strength existing in this land. No one can keep the people from turning radical as long as such immoral and unrealistic stance of the United States remains unchanged. [Text] [SK170905 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 17 Oct 83]

SOUTH'S MILITARY DRILLS DENOUNCED--Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--The Soviet news agency TASS on 17 October denounced "Ssangryong-83" military exercises launched by the South Korean puppet clique heightening provocative war hysteria against the northern half of the DPRK. It says: The scenario of the military exercises, code-named "Two Dragons-83" ("Ssangryong-83"), which have begun in South Korea on 16 October shows that the South Korean "regime" is preparing for broad aggressive combat actions. The exercises

are unfolding to the accompaniment of menacing statements of bosses of the Seoul "regime," the heightening of war hysteria in the country after the explosion in Rangoon during the visit of the South Korean puppet clique. The United States holds an overtly provocative stand towards the events on the Korean Peninsula. As is noted by news analysts, the South Korean "regime" needed the war psychosis, the escalation of tension in order to divert attention from the internal crisis in South Korea. The oppositional forces launched a campaign of protest against Seoul's anti-people's policy, for democratic reforms in the country. Anti-American demonstrations of students are under way, and actions demanding resignation of the Seoul "regime" grow in scale. [Text] [SK190419 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0359 GMT 19 Oct 83]

STUDENT DETAINED FOR DEMONSTRATION--Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique detained Kim Sang-yol, a student of Yonse University in Seoul, on 15 October by invoking a fascist law, according to a report. The fascist clique arrested him on charges of violation of the fascist "Law on Assembly and Demonstration" after he took the lead in a demonstration on 29 September, scattering more than 200 copies of an anti-"government" leaflet on the campus. Thrown into a discomfiture, beaten at home and abroad, the traitor Chon Tu-hwan is now arresting and imprisoning at random those students who participated in the anti-U.S., anti-"government" struggle, while kicking up a frantic anti-communist row. [Text] [SK170430 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0330 GMT 17 Oct 83]

S. KOREAN RULERS' CRIMES--Pyongyang, 18 Oct (KCNA)--The GDR paper NEUES DEUTSCHLAND in its article titled "South Korean Children Are Cheapest Labour Force" exposed that all the restaurants and bars in Seoul employ and exploit many children and that children do shoe polishing, collect empty bottles, clean cars, and go begging and even sell their bodies for a handful of rice. In a commentary titled "Political Burlesque" the Bulgarian paper ZEMEDELSKO ZNAME said that, in accordance with a "special step" issued recently by the South Korean puppet clique, only a few among the prisoners will be "released" and even they will be taken into the South Korean puppet army. Noting that this step is connected with Reagan's South Korean trip, the paper said: Reagan intends to advertise that his stooges pursue "a democratic policy." The Swedish paper KRONOBERGAREN in its article gave a detailed account of the ruthless suppression of democratic figures and students by the South Korean dictators. [Text] [SK181519 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1501 GMT 18 Oct 83]

CSO: 4100/014

EDITORIAL: STRENGTHEN WORK WITH LEGAL AFFAIRS GUIDANCE PERSONNEL

Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 25 Aug 83 p 1

/Editorial: "Let Us Strengthen Work With Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel"/

/Text/ Today, as all the people achieve new miracles and innovations in every frontline of socialist construction with burning loyalty toward the party and the leader in order to commemorate the 35th anniversary of the Republic's establishment with high political enthusiasm and brilliant labor success, one important task for people's governing organs to consolidate further the socialist system and to display its superiority is to set more thoroughly the revolutionary law-abiding traits for the whole society, by strengthening the work with the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel.

Comrade Kim Chong-II, the secretary of the party Central Committee and also a member of the Standing Committee of the Political Department of the Workers Party of Korea Central Committee, pointed out:

"The Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel are the positive advocates and propagandists of the law of our Republic and also the duty officers in charge of indoctrinating the people in legal compliance." ("For Strengthening Socialist Legal Affairs Life," Single Volume p 14)

The Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel, who were appointed by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-Song and were assigned by the glorious party center, are the positive advocates and propagandists of the leader's chuche law ideology and its realization, which is the nation's legal standards and regulations, and the persons who are in charge of leading the functionaries and workers to observe the legal standards and regulations conscientiously.

In the past, the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel contributed positively in promoting law-abiding consciousness and maintaining consciously the nation's legal standards and regulations among the functionaries and workers by launching vigorously legal guidance propaganda work with a high sense of responsibility for their duty.

Today, reality shows well the great vitality of the legal compliance indoctrination system which was organized by the glorious party center.

The people's committees of various echelons should contribute positively to accelerate vigorously the great work of transforming the entire society in accordance with the chuche idea by operating more effectively the legal compliance indoctrination system as organized by the glorious party center and also by displaying wholly its superiority and vitality.

In efforts to accomplish these tasks, the People's Committees of various echelons should further strengthen work with the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel.

What is most important in this case is that the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel make further efforts to enhance self-awareness that they are the advocates and propagandists for the laws of the Republic with the authority of the government in implementation of the instruction of the great leader comrade Kim Il-Sung and the party policy which is the realization of his instruction.

Our nation's law is the powerful weapon to carry out the great leader comrade Kim Il-Sung's instruction and its realization, which is the policy of our party.

Therefore, a campaign for guidance and indoctrination work to understand well nation's legal standards and regulations and to be in strict compliance with them is a valuable task which contributes to carrying out the party's policy and accelerating socialist construction.

The people's committees of various echelons should launch firmly the work with all the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel, so that they can keep the campaign in mind and carry out their duties as positive advocates and propagandists of the republic's law and also as the persons directly in charge of legal compliance indoctrination work.

Too, the People's Committees of various echelons should pay their attention closely to the task that the Legal Affairs Guidance Persons carry out steadily the legal guidance propaganda work.

Just like any other indoctrination work, legal compliance task can be successful only when it is conducted steadily by using various forms and methods as appropriate to the level and characteristic of those persons concerned.

Even though Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel explain and propagandize a law standard, the People's Committees of various echelons should work patiently until the law standard has proved its worth in the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel work and life and until the functionaries and workers have made it a part of daily routine and habit to observe the law.

The People's Committees of various echelons should always facilitate and intensify summation and rearrangement work after the presentation of task direction and assignment to the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel in each phase.

The important point in legal guidance propaganda work is for all of the work to be closely linked to the present revolutionary task performance, so that it may progress substantially.

Our functionaries and workers have created "the speed of the eighties" in every battlefield of socialist construction by holding high the party's goals and launching vigorously the movement to win the Red Flag of the Three Revolutions and the movement to follow and learn from the example of anonymous heroes. They strive to live and work like the heroes and heroines in such feature films as "The Responsible Secretary of the County Party Committee," "Always With One Heart," "The Oath Taken on That Day," "Wolmi Island," and "Burning Heart."

The People's Committees of various echelons should make legal compliance indoctrination work realistically contribute to the strict observance and administration of the party policy and make its results be shown in revolutionary duty performance by letting all the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel partake in the actual battle site and launch legal guidance propaganda work to meet the real requirements today.

The People's Committees of various echelons should pay attention to making the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel correctly follow legal requirements in production and construction and to making all legal requirements closely followed, including planning standards, cooperative production regulations, and materials supply regulations, and others which are necessary to normalize production at a high level in all sections and units.

Concurrently, much attention must be paid to eliminating all kinds of waste and to managing facility, materials, labor, and finance matters in accordance with legal requirements in each unit, so that it can contribute positively to completing ahead of schedule this year's national economic plan.

The important point in the work of the Legal Affairs Guidance Persons is also to let them stand in the forefront of the masses in the enforcement of legal compliance in daily life.

The Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel are not merely the transmitters or interpreters of the Republic's law, but are the duty officers in charge of leading the masses to the strict observance of the law.

Therefore, they can lead vigorously the masses in implementing the laws only if they become exemplary and in the forefront in legal compliance.

The People's Committees of various echelons should insist that the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel conduct their work and lead their life in compliance with the law as a firm principle and be models for the masses and stand in the forefront in maintaining the nation's law standards and regulations in all of their work assignment.

When working with the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel, the People's Committees of various echelons should pay attention to one other issue, that is, to enhance the level of the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel in the political theory on administration.

The Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel should increase decisively their politico-administrative ability to meet the party's high expectations.

The People's Committees of various echelons should make the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel firmly establish an environment for the revolutionary study, be armed strongly with the chuche law ideology and theory of our party in particular, and understand clearly the nation's law and other standards inclusive of the socialist constitution and socialist labor laws.

Too, various kinds of work, workshops, work experience exchange forums, which can help increase the ability of the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel should be organized to help their skills improve continuously.

The functionaries of the People's Committee of various echelons should help faithfully the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel launch legal guidance propaganda work realistically with the appropriate method as applied to the anti-Japanese guerrilla work requirement by getting deeply into the real world.

Therefore, all Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel should perform their responsibilities as positive advocates and propagandists of the Republic's law and as duty officers directly in charge of the legal compliance indoctrination.

Let the People's Committees of various echelons accelerate vigorously our people's forward movement for the completion of the great chuche revolutionary work and further consolidate our nation's socialist system by instituting resolutely the revolutionary law-abiding traits for the whole society, by bringing in a great reform in the work with the Legal Affairs Guidance Personnel, and by upholding high the intention of the great leader comrade Kim Il-Sung and the glorious party center.

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CSO: 4110/002

DAILY STRESSES POLITICAL 'CHAJUSONG'

SK151540 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1508 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN 14 October carried an article titled "To Maintain Political Chajusong Is Firm Guarantee for the Victorious Advance of Revolution."

The article says: In his treatise "On the Chuche Idea" Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, clarified the revolutionary essence and necessity of political chajusong (independence) and the method for its realisation to give a perfect exposition of the basic principle which the party and state of the working class should maintain in politics. This is a great contribution to the development of the revolutionary idea of the working class and to the accomplishment of its revolutionary cause.

What is important in the idea of maintaining chajusong in politics is, first of all, the problem of the position of politics and the essence of independent politics.

Politics is a social function of organising and directing activities of the people in an integral way in conformity with common interests of classes or society. Politics should be independent on all accounts and only such politics can become genuine politics defending the interests of the country and people and promoting social development.

As clarified in the treatise, maintaining chajusong in politics means upholding national independence and sovereignty of one's people, defending their interests and conducting politics by relying on them.

Another important thing in the idea of maintaining chajusong in politics is the problem of the decisive role of political chajusong in the development and prosperity of the country and in the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause.

The exposition that to maintain chajusong in politics is a main factor decisive of the destiny of the revolution is the most important aspect in our party's idea of political chajusong. Political chajusong is the first criterion of an independent sovereign state.

Only when it maintains chajusong in politics, can it solve all problems arising in the revolution and construction, economic construction and defence upbuilding in particular, in conformity with its people's interests and its country's specific conditions and build a powerful independent national economy and self-reliant defence forces, thus fully taking the criterion of an independent sovereign state.

Political chajusong is the life and soul of an independent sovereign state.

All countries and nations are equal and independent and they have a sacred right to decide their own destiny.

Only when each country and nation fully exercise this sacred right, can it ensure genuine independence and freedom and achieve development and prosperity, and thus defend the nation's dignity and achieve complete equality among countries and nations.

To maintain political chajusong is an important problem arising in the revolutionary struggle before anything else and is a basic guarantee which makes it possible to successfully solve all problems in the revolution and construction and win victory in the revolutionary struggle.

Indeed, the principle of maintaining chajusong in politics clarified by our party is an idea indicating the most correct way for fully realising the chajusong of the working masses and making them genuine masters of their own destiny and the world. And the idea is a militant banner which powerfully inspires and encourages the working class and working masses to the accomplishment of the cause of chajusong.

The validity of this principle lies in that it accords with the main purpose of the revolutionary movement, the communist movement and is based on the noble spirits of communists who always firmly defend their political faith.

CSO: 4100/014

TABLE OF CONTENTS KULLOJA NO 10, OCT 83

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean No 10, 1 Oct 83 p 1	
[Text] Let Us Eternally Glorify Our Party as the Chuche-Type Party.....	2-8
Guaranteeing Unitary Nature of Ideology and Leadership Is Intrinsic Demand of Party of Working Class.....	Paek Nung-ki 9-15
Brilliant Tradition in Building Party Organization Achieved in the Era of Anti-Japanese Revolutionary Struggle.....	Han Kuk-chu 16-21
Our Party's Precious Experience Gained in Building Mass Party.....	Pak Chun-sik 22-27
Bold Operations and Elaborate Organizational Works.....	Kwon Chin-sang 28-32
Guaranteeing Philosophical Profundity Is Basic Question Arising From Creation of Literary and Art Works.....	Han Chung-mo 33-38
Great Tradition of Korea-China Friendship Forged in Blood--On the Occasion of 33d Anniversary of the Chinese People's Volunteers' Participation in the Korean Front.....	39-43
Normalization of Production and Increase of Quality of Products.....	Yi Tong-chun 44-48
Thoroughly Accomplishing Socialist Labor Law Is Important Way To Regularize Labor Life.....	Yun So 49-53
South Korean Society Which Has Been Turned Into a Place Polluted With Words of Foreign Origin.....	Yi Chong-yo 54-58
Realizing South-South Cooperation Is a Matured Urgent Question.....	Kim Su-yong 59-64

CSO: 4110/24

N. KOREA/ECONOMY

STEEL PLANT TO INCREASE PRODUCTION CAPACITY

SK181031 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1007 GMT 18 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 18 Oct (KCNA)--The Kangson steel complex of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will be turned into a steel production base of 3 million ton capacity.

In his April on-the-spot guidance to Nampo and at important meetings thereafter, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that this complex should create a 1.1 million ton capacity at first and then 3 million ton capacity.

A Nampo mass meeting was held at the complex on 16 October to thoroughly implement the programmatic instructions of the great leader.

At the meeting Comrade Hyon Mu-kwang, alternate member of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, conveyed a decision of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee on creating a 3 million ton steel production capacity and building solid foundations for producing silicon and stainless steel sheet, high-pressure pipes, wirerope and seamless pipes at the complex.

Reporter and speakers stressed that all the workers would turn out in the campaign to create a 1.1 million ton steel production capacity and then 3 million ton capacity, upholding the programmatic teachings of the great leader.

CSO: 4100/014

KCNA INTRODUCES CHAENYONG FARM MACHINE STATION

SK192355 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2217 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--Chaenyong County, South Hwanghae Province, located in the western part of Korea, is visited by bumper crops again this year. This success is greatly associated with the efforts of the Chaenyong farm machine station.

This year, too, the station operated all machines at full capacity and produced several hundreds of new farm machines, which helped do all farm work in time.

The farm machine station is an enterprise under the County Cooperative Farm Management Committee, whose mission is to mechanize farm work with modern farm machines including tractors.

The Chaenyong farm machine station is one of the state-run farm machine hire stations (predecessor of the farm machine station), the first of its kind established in our country in February 1950 under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

The great leader visited the Chaenyong plain right after liberation and made sure that a farm machine station was built up, unfolding a prospect for agricultural mechanization. Later, he showed deep concern for its development and strengthening.

Over the past three decades or more the Chaenyong farm machine station has considerably strengthened its material and technical foundations and its role.

At the time when it was set up it had only some 10 tractors and a belt lathe. But today it has more than 1,000 tractors, nearly 200 trucks and upwards of 3,700 trailing farm machines of 49 kinds. In the station there are a repair shop, spare parts processing shop and other shops.

As a result, the enterprise which could only help till the fields of cooperative farms when it was just founded, gradually widened the range of mechanization. Now it undertakes nearly all farm work from tilling to sowing, weeding and thrashing.

The repair shop is equipped with modern equipment needed for the repair of any tractors and trucks.

And the spare parts processing shop turns out more than 170 kinds of tractor parts including piston, 56 kinds of truck parts and more than 120 kinds of farm machine parts.

Various kinds of trailing farm machines are also produced here.

Mechanized work done by this farm machine station numbers over 50 kinds.

There are 27 engineers and 57 assistant engineers in this station.

CSO: 4100/014

## N. KOREA/SOCIAL CONDITIONS

### KCNA REPORTS PYONGYANG CONSTRUCTION ACHIEVEMENTS

SK182241 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2221 GMT 18 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--Pyongyang, the capital of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, is being built into a more grand and beautiful modern city.

The second stage project of the Changgwang Street from the Haebangsan intersection to Pyongyang railway station is making a brisk headway. Flats for more than 2,000 families have already been assembled. Now a variety of high-rise apartment houses are making their appearance there.

Meanwhile, the second stage construction of the Chollima Street will soon start in the section from Tongsong Bridge to the newly built Chungsong Bridge on the bank of the Taedong River to link it with the Chollima Street.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song personally examined on many occasions the design for the second-stage formation of the Chollima Street and gave instructions that the street should be well built as one of eternal value.

The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il who is bringing his plan into a brilliant reality gave meticulous guidance to all problems from the general formation of the street to the size, shape and position of buildings to be erected in the new street and showed deep concern for the building of the street into a peculiar one.

The street will be lined by 20 odd 20- and 30-storied apartment houses, and service establishments be rationally distributed. When the street is completed, modernly-appointed dwelling houses for more than 4,500 families will take shape there.

The Podunamu Street from Pyongyang railway station to the Pyongyang Grand Theater will also be furnished more beautifully in keeping with the architectural requirements of the present time. The existing buildings will be left as they are and 16-, 18-, 20- and 25-storied flats will be built to completely change the looks of the street. Dwelling houses for more than 1,000 families to be built there will be designed to suit the people's taste and be convenient to their life and be equipped with furniture of good quality.

When the construction of the second-stage Changgwang and Chollima Streets and the Podunamu Street is completed, the looks of Pyongyang will be further renewed.

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

KIM CHONG-IL PRAISED FOR CREATING REVOLUTIONARY OPERAS

SK151731 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1555 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--A round-table talk was held on 14 October between the creating staff of the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl," adapted from the immortal classic work of the same title, and the participants in the Sixth Asia Music Rostrum and Symposium.

Vice-Minister of Culture and Art Chang Chol spoke first. Noting that many delegations and delegates appreciated the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl" and inquired about the course of the creation of the revolutionary opera and the principled demand and ways arising in it, he said that the Ministry of Culture and Art of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea organised this talk at the request of many guests.

Then followed speeches by principal actors and actresses, producers, composers, choreographers, artists and other members of the creating staff. They said that our glorious party advanced the wise policy of creating the "Sea of Blood"-style revolutionary opera and gave a detailed guidance in all problems from the libretto of the revolutionary opera to musical composition and creation of individual songs.

They introduced successes and experiences accumulated in implementing the new policies of our party--the policy of making all the songs of the opera stanzaic on the basis of the popular stanzaic style and adopting pangchang in the opera, the policy of forming a chuche-type combined orchestra with national and European instruments and the policy of making dances strictly linked with the development of the lot of heroes in the opera and subordinated to its dramatic development and introducing three-dimensional stage decor.

Leading actors and actresses of the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl" stressed that the songs of popular stanzaic style are rich in depiction and portrayal and sang songs of the revolutionary opera.

Many scenes of the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl" were projected on the movie screen at the talk.

Suryabrata, delegate of the National Music Council of Indonesia, said that "Sea of Blood"-style opera, a new form first of its kind in the human opera history was created in Korea thanks to the policy of building a chuche-oriented opera advanced by the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and his wise leadership. This revolutionary opera is an example of operas and a masterpiece of the highest peak, he stressed, and continued: This success is entirely attributable to the wise guidance and deep care of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, a genius of thought and leadership. He is indeed, a great master of art and genius of leadership. Bright is the future of human art under his outstanding guidance.

Long live the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il!

Chang Sumin, head of the Chinese musicians' delegation, said that his delegation was deeply impressed by the successes achieved by the Korean artists in the field of the musical art under the wise leadership of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Pointing out that the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl" is an example not only for the East but also for the world, he stressed that this opera could be created thanks to the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the meticulous guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Tran Van Khe, delegate of the International Music Council and International Council of Traditional Music, stressed that the adoption of pangchang in opera is the origin of the development of a new opera. The revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl" appreciated by us is an integration of great art, he emphasised.

He said that all the successes made by the Korean artists in the opera field are a result of the wise leadership of the great leader President Kim Il-song.

Comrade Kim Chong-il, a genius of art, gave energetic guidance in the creation of revolutionary operas and showed all care for the creating staff, he noted.

Rakhmadiyev Erkegali, head of the delegation of the National Music Committee of the Soviet Union, said that a success in opera depends on how songs, dances, stage decor and all other things implant revolutionary idea in the hearts of the people and, in this aspect, the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl" gave a new origin to opera.

We, he said, believe that the Korean artists will create many more revolutionary operas in the future under the wise guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Choe Tong-ok, head of the musicians delegation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) said: Cherishing deep in our hearts the pride and honor of being musicians of chuche Korea, we will devote

our all to firmly defending and developing the imperishable feats of the glorious party center in greatly contributing to the human opera history by creating the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl" and other "Sea of Blood"-style operas.

The attendants at the talk sincerely wished good health and a long life to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

They appreciated the Korean documentary film "Great Festival of Glory Blessed by the World People."

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N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

BOOK ABOUT KIM CHONG-IL PUBLISHED IN JAPANESE

SK150914 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0805 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The book "Kim Chong-il the People's Leader" (1) written by Choe In-su was recently published in Japanese by the Yuzankaku Publishing Company, Japan. The Foreign Languages Publishing House of our country published it in many foreign language versions. Printed in the book is a portrait of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

This book consists of six chapters--"Amidst the Expectation and Desire of the People," "The Days of War," "Let Us Study for the Korean Revolution," "In the Torrent of the Times," "For the Cause of Chuche" and "The Young Leader."

It shows the brilliant intelligence, outstanding leadership and noble communist virtues of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, the genious of revolution and construction and tender-hearted teacher of the Korean people.

The author says in the preface: The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is the successor to the great leader President Kim Il-song; he is guiding towards overall victory the revolutionary cause of chuche initiated and directed by the great leader. He is a true leader of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people who has all of the high traits which a leader of the people should have. His noble popular traits and virtues are associated with the honorable traditions of the revolutionary family of the great leader.

He was born on the battlefield of the unprecedently arduous anti-Japanese struggle and has since passed through the storms of two severe revolutionary wars, a deep-going social revolution and the difficult struggle for building a new society, following the father leader. In this course he learned the great leader's immortal chuche idea and distinguished leadership ability and fostered an ardent love for and a spirit of devoted service to the people.

The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il not only protects the political life of the Korean people but also benevolently looks after their physical lives.

He gives noblest political life to the people and protects it and brings up all the people to be proud revolutionaries and able builders of socialism and communism.

He spares nothing for the health of the working people and takes all the trouble willingly to provide a happy life for them.

He is doing everything in his power to provide the working people with an independent and creative life, a most cultured and abundant life in the world, by building a communist society--the highest ideal of humanity, a blissful society where chajusong (independence) is fully realised.

The author further says: From his childhood to his student days and then to the present, when he is ensuring brilliant victories for the chuché cause, the dear leader has shown the highest love for all the blessed generations of this land, which could be woven into an undying epic dedicated to his devoted service to the people.

"Kim Chong-il the People's Leader" (1) covers the period from when the dear leader entered the city of Pyongyang, the capital, in company with the anti-Japanese revolutionary veterans (1945) to the time when he graduated from Kim Il-song University (1964) where he had made profound studies and gained many precious experiences in the midst of the fast-moving of our time.

This book published in Russian, Chinese, English, Spanish and German will also be published in French and Arabic in the future.

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N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

JAPANESE INTERVIEWED ON MUSIC HONORING KIM CHONG-IL

SK171101 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1042 GMT 17 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--Kemba Fujita, member of the traditional musical specialists' delegation of Japan to the Sixth Asia Music Rostrum and Symposium, met with reporters in Pyongyang on 13 October. He explained the course of the composition and content of the orchestra "Music of Ecstasy" played by the State Symphony Orchestra at a concert held at the Pyongyang Grand Theater on the evening of 12 October.

He said: My boundless respect and reverence for the dear leader Secretary Kim Chong-il whom all people look up to and follow made me compose the orchestra "Music of Ecstasy." With his outstanding ideological and theoretical activities and tested leadership he is bringing the great chuche idea into beautiful bloom in this land and has ushered in a new era of world art. He is, indeed, the people's leader who enjoys warm love of the entire people and is possessed of lofty virtues.

This is why not only the Korean people but also the world progressive people now respect and revere him, looking up to him as an outstanding leader who will represent and lead the present era and future.

Outlining the content of the orchestra "Music of Ecstasy" which he conceived and began composing last year and now completed, reflecting the demand of the era and people, he said: "Music of Ecstasy" carries the joy and ecstasy of the people in attending the dear leader Secretary Kim Chong-il and their boundless respect for and praise of him. It also carries in each melody the warm human love and tested leadership of the dear leader and his warm love for the people in guiding the people along the road of struggle and victory.

I presented this simple orchestral music to him and attended the Sixth Asia Music Rostrum and Symposium in Pyongyang. My work was played at a concert given by the State Symphony Orchestra at the Pyongyang Grand Theater amid enthusiastic acclamation of all people. Words fail to express this joy and glory.

That day, therefore, I extended deep thanks time and again to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Secretary Kim Chong-il who highly appraised the work of an unknown composer and showed warm love and deep care for its playing.

Cherishing today's glory and joy I will create more works required by the era and the popular masses.

I will complete particularly a song praising the dear leader Secretary Kim Chong-il and a work dealing with Mt Paektu, the symbol of the Korean people and the holy mountain of revolution.

I will also make a contribution to the realization of the reunification of Korea, the cherished desire of the Korean people and supreme national task, through the creation of works.

In conclusion, he sincerely wished good health and a long life to the great leader President Kim Il-song and the dear leader Secretary Kim Chong-il.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

DAILY NOTES DPRK IS CRADLE OF HAPPINESS

SK171111 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1014 GMT 17 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN on 16 October carried an article titled "Our Republic Is People's Cradle of Happiness." The article says:

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song said in a historic speech at the banquet celebrating the 35th anniversary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea that the DPRK is our people's cradle of happiness. This is a new explanation of the characteristics and superiority of our republic, the genuine paradise of people where the ideal and desire of the working people have been brilliantly realised. This exposition is of great significance in making our people get better knowledge of the features of the DPRK and cherish deeper in their hearts the pride and honor of living and working in the embrace of the republic and vigorously struggle for its prosperity and development.

Today our country is throwing its rays as a cradle of happiness which the working people had dreamed of generation after generation.

Our republic is the people's cradle of happiness because it provides the entire people with a truly independent and creative life and firmly guarantees the happiness of generations to come.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song elucidated in his speech that our republic fully guarantees genuine political freedom and rights to the entire people.

In our country today the people enjoy freedom comprehensively and substantially in all fields of state and social life with equal rights as true masters of the state and society. Our working people are guaranteed the rights to elect and to be elected, irrespective of sex, occupation, property status, knowledge, political view and religious belief and have and fully exercise the freedom and rights to all social and political activities including speech, press, assembly and demonstration.

Its graphic instance is that former hired hands and their sons and daughters have become cadres of state organs and deputies to the Supreme People's Assembly and have their purpose and demand satisfied.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song said that our republic assumes full responsibility for the happy material and cultural lives of the working people.

From the moment of their birth all our working people without exception are ensured by the state and the public the right to eat and all necessary conditions for clothing and shelter and, thanks to universal compulsory free education and free medical care, they study to their heart's satisfaction and receive medical assistance without paying a penny.

Our people who lived in poverty and sufferings, eating thin gruel, now enjoy boundless happiness with the rights to work and rest, not worrying about food, clothing and shelter, saying that 60 is the prime of youth and 90 is the first step to old age. This is a result of the graceful benefits granted them by the republic which has been turned into the people's cradle of happiness.

Our republic is not only a people's state substantially guaranteeing today's happiness for the people but also a great country where the communist ideal is blossoming.

Our republic could become a people's genuine cradle of happiness because its government has strictly applied the immortal chuche idea to all fields of social life, taking it as its guideline in its activities.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

DAILY ON KIM CHONG-IL'S TREATISE ANNIVERSARY

SK172355 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2332 GMT 17 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today dedicates an article to the first anniversary of the publication of "The Workers' Party of Korea Is a Chuche-Type Revolutionary Party Which Inherited the Glorious Tradition of the DIU," a treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The article titled "Firm Guideline for Strengthening and Developing Our Party Into a Party of Chuche Type" says:

The treatise is a historical work showing the proud history of our party and the imperishable feats performed in this course, its invincible might and boundlessly bright future. It gives a comprehensive systematization and consummation of the theoretical and practical problems arising in the building of a chuche-type party from the problems of nursing the historical roots of the working-class party and founding a party to the problems of assuming the characteristic features of a revolutionary party and building the party in a prospective way.

It is a powerful ideological and theoretical weapon to be held fast to in the building of a revolutionary party of the working class.

Its great significance lies in that it gives an overall exposition of the great history of the building of our party in which our party has traversed the glorious road of struggle under the banner of chuche.

On the basis of historical data and a scientific analysis the treatise expounds in a systematic way the glorious course of the struggle of our party along which it has grown and strengthened into an invincible revolutionary party as it is today for a long period from the time it struck its roots with the formation of the "Down-With-Imperialism Union."

The history of the founding of our party and its strengthening and development was a course for brilliantly hewing the path of building an independent party.

Our party which grew in scope and strength into an invincible party after its founding in the 1950s and 60s greeted a period of great change in the 70s.

The history of the building of our party is associated with the revolutionary history of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song from the beginning and is more brilliantly adorned with the correct policies and guidance of our party center.

It proves the invaluable truth that only when we have a great leader at the head of the party can the history of the party be shaped successfully and carried forward and the party be a genuine revolutionary vanguard detachment to carry the revolutionary cause through to accomplishment.

The treatise gives an allround elucidation of the principles and ways to be maintained in the building of a revolutionary party of the working class on the basis of the practical experience of our party.

It furnishes scientific and theoretical proof of the fact that our party is an invincible party which is built and carries on its activities, guided by the chuche idea, which has firmly established the monolithic ideological system throughout it, and achieved rockfirm unity and cohesion within it on the basis of the chuche idea and which is connected with the popular masses by blood ties. This is a successful record of the fundamental characteristic features and looks of our party as a chuche-type revolutionary party.

A great feat of the treatise is that as it made clear the genuine looks of our party it furnished a theoretical proof of the greatness and might of the Workers' Party of Korea.

By giving a scientific and theoretical profound analysis and proof of the fundamental features and looks of our party the treatise gives a comprehensive answer to the question of how to build and develop a working-class party.

It also raises a new problem on the position and role of the party in communist society and gives a perfect answer to it.

Drawing on the objective requirements of communist society, a highly organized society, and on the practical experience of our party the treatise teaches that the party is the guiding force of socialist and communist society.

It is of weighty significance that the treatise raised it as an important task in party construction to build the party in a prospective way, proceeding from its position and role in the accomplishment of the cause of socialism and communism.

Expounded in the treatise are all principles and ways for building our party in a far-sighted way in conformity with the requirements of the revolutionary development, including the problem of firmly establishing the monolithic

ideological system within the party under the slogan of modelling the whole of the party on the chuche idea, the problem of inheriting the traditions of chuche pure and clean, the problem of defending the unity and cohesion of the party from generation to generation and preparing all the party members as chuche-type communist revolutionaries and the problem of establishing the leader's work method in the party.

The treatise is a brilliant fruition of the energetic ideological and theoretical activities and of the practical activities of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il who is wisely leading our party with his rare wisdom and outstanding leadership ability.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

DAILY HAILS PEOPLE'S REVOLUTIONARY SPIRIT

SK170441 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 17 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN on 15 October carried an article titled "Our People's Noble Revolutionary Spirit Brilliantly Carried Forward With Advancement of Revolution."

Noting that the loyal heart to make revolution to the end under the leadership of the party and the leader is a traditional revolutionary spirit displayed by our people, the article says: Our revolution which started in the 1920s has reached a high peak in the 1980s through glorious decades. In this protracted historic course our revolution has stoutly carried forward its lineage and is steadily advancing today, too.

The revolutionary spirit possessed by the young communists at the dawn of the Korean revolution is an indomitable revolutionary spirit which should be inherited and developed until the revolution is brought to completion.

The Korean young communists were the first generation who held in high esteem the great Comrade Kim Il-song as the sun of the nation and the supreme leader of the revolution. In the dark period when the revolutionary struggle was undergoing trials and setbacks, they looked forward to the bright future of the revolution in his greatness and held him in high esteem with their firm faith and sense of duty.

Stating that the ideological and spiritual traits of our people have reached a nobler height through the work for learning from the indomitable spirit formed at the dawn of the revolution, the article further says: Our people are rallied rockfirm around the party and the leader with spotlessly pure and clean revolutionary conscience as the young communists did.

In the past period the young communists attended the great Comrade Kim Il-song with high esteem as the center of their unity. But this was not because they wanted to get a position in the future or have their feats remembered. For them he was the outstanding leader of the revolution and closest teacher and comrade. As they cherished his greatness in their hearts of boiling blood and possessed noble comradely sense of duty, they dedicated their body and soul entirely to him and faithfully fought to the end, not deviating from the road they pledged to follow.

Singing with their whole hearts "Song of Comradeship," a song reflecting the noble spirit of the young communists, our party members and working people are learning the truth of genuine struggle and life from it.

Our people are also learning from and embodying the fighting spirit of the revolutionary forerunners who upheld their faith without any vacillation under any changed circumstances.

The faith our people inherited from them is the rockfirm conviction that they are sure to win victory when they follow the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the unshakable stand that they know no one but the party and the leader. Today our country is producing a great number of such faithful soldiers as unassuming heroes who firmly defend the revolutionary posts assigned them by the party and the leader and perform heroic feats. This shows the firmness of the will of our people to live and fight cherishing the revolutionary faith of the forerunners as it is.

The political and ideological traits of our people in carrying forward the noble fighting spirit of the revolutionary forerunners are manifested also in their devoting themselves to implementing the intention of the party and the leader.

The high honour and pride of the communist revolutionaries shine in the practical struggle to carry through to the end the revolutionary idea and intention of the party and the leader and the decisions and instructions of the party. Unconditional implementation of the leader's idea and the party policy is the concentrical manifestation of the revolutionary spirit of the soldiers in holding the party and the leader in high esteem.

The most valuable example set by the young communists for our generation is unconditionality and boundless devotion in accpeting the line and policy advanced by the leader as an absolute truth and following only that road of truth even if mountains and bogs may lie in their way.

The spirit of absoluteness and unconditionality, the revolutionary spirit of Paekdu which proudly embroidered the Korean revolution at its dawn, was inherited as the revolutionary spirit of chollima in the post-war period and is now being carried forward as the revolutionary spirit of the speed campaign.

The revolutionary spirit which was formed at the dawn of the revolution is being given full play through generations and overflowing our revolutionary ranks. This is an irreplaceable priceless success achieved in carrying on the chuche cause.

That our people are carrying forward the fighting spirit of the revolutionary forerunners unshakably, though the time flows, is based on the conviction that they can accomplish the revolutionary cause when they advance under the leadership of the party and the leader.

In the long course of the revolutionary struggle our party members and working people have become to entrust all their destinies to the party and the leader, firmly believing that they can win when they advance under the leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, taking his revolutionary idea as their only guiding compass. This trust has become totally unshakable particularly in the historic course of modelling the whole society on the chuche idea.

In this historic period our party brilliantly solved the theoretical and practical problems for accomplishing the chuche cause under the banner of the revolutionary idea of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song and performed imperishable feats for the fatherland and people, for the era and revolution.

By triumphantly leading the work of political, economic, cultural and all other domains with its extraordinary organising ability and sweep, our party ushered in a heyday of great prosperity and development of this land and made a great contribution to strengthening the international solidarity of our revolution and developing the anti-imperialist cause of independence. Our people have become deeply convinced through history and reality that as long as our party leads them the revolutionary idea of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song will be firmly defended and upheld and our revolution will advance only along the road carved out by him.

The unshakable faith and will of our people in following their party and leader have been formed and consolidated in the course of pushing the way through the flames of the hard-fought struggle. We will live and be revolution, cherishing this noble ideological sentiment, the revolutionary spirit, deep in our hearts all along, no matter how long time may flow.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

BANGLADESH VISITOR PRAISES KIM CHONG-IL

SK190831 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--Choudhuri Siraj Ahmed, delegate of the Bangladesh radio broadcasting, who had attended the Sixth Asia Music Rostrum and Symposium, spoke before students after inspecting the Pyongyang University of Music and Dance on 17 October.

Noting that "Theses on Socialist Education," "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" and other classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song have been translated and published in Bangladesh, he said that the Bangladesh people read these immortal classic works with avidity.

Saying that he is translating "On the Chuche Idea," an immortal classic treatise of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il in Bangladesh language, he said: This immortal classic treatise is an important textbook for all people who study Kimilsongism. It elucidates the philosophical principle of the chuche idea that man is the master of everything and decides everything.

The dear leader was the first in history to give a concrete exposition of chajusong (independence), creativity and consciousness, the attributes of man, enriching the treasure-house of Kimilsongism.

I gained better knowledge of the line of the three revolutions in the course of studying immortal classic works of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, he said, and continued: The three-revolution line elucidated by him is, indeed, a basic way for attaining the ideological and material fortresses and the most correct policy which should be held fast to in the building of a new independent world.

Today the realities of Korea clearly prove the correctness and vitality of this line.

"The Flower Girl," the highest reach of the opera art, which was created under the wise leadership of the dear leader, the genius of art, can be said to be a sum-total of the outstanding great art beyond comparison to the art of any other countries.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the outstanding thinker and theoretician and genius of the revolution and construction, and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, the great successor to the cause of Kimilsongism, are the peerless great men whom not only the Korean people but also whole of mankind hold in high esteem.

Witnessing the reality of your country and contacting your people I have become more convinced that Korea where the revolutionary idea of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is in full blossom is a beacon indicating the road to be followed by mankind and a sample of the ideal world which mankind are longing for.

He sincerely wished the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il a long life in good health.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

FOREIGN MEDIA REPORT KIM CHONG-IL TREATISE

SK200859 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0820 GMT 20 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 20 Oct (KCNA)--"The Workers' Party of Korea Is a Chuche-Type Revolutionary Party Which Inherited the Glorious Tradition of the DIU," a treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, was carried by the Malagasy paper PANDRIAM PAHAREMANA, the Egyptian paper AL-JUMHURIYAH, the Ghanaian papers THE ECHO and PEOPLE'S EVENING NEWS, the French magazine AFRIQUE-ASIE, the Pakistan paper TAMIR and the Mozambican paper NOTICIAS.

In the preface PANDRIAM PAHAREMANA says:

The main idea running through this historic work is to strengthen and develop the Workers' Party of Korea forever into a chuche-type party and thus invariably defend its revolutionary character and brilliantly accomplish the revolutionary cause of chuche.

Whenever you read the work clause by clause, you feel strongly the endeavours and wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song recorded on each page of the glorious and brilliant history of the Workers' Party of Korea.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

FOREIGN MEDIA CELEBRATE WPK FOUNDING

SK190838 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0816 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--Foreign mass media recently reported articles on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea. The Peruvian paper UNIDAD carried an article together with a photograph of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song receiving Comrade Jorge Del Prado, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Peruvian Communist Party.

The paper stressed that the Workers' Party of Korea was founded on 10 October 1945, but it had begun to take historic root with the formation of the Down-With-Imperialism Union by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Noting that the Korean people have traversed a road of victory and glory in the past days under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea led by him, the paper wrote that they are vigorously advancing towards a promising and bright future under the leadership of the great leader and the glorious Workers' Party of Korea.

The Malagasy ANTA News Agency reported an article titled "The Workers' Party of Korea Is the General Staff of the Korean Revolution" on 6 October. It says: The Workers' Party of Korea is the general staff of the Korean revolution.

The brilliant successes achieved in all fields of revolution and construction of Korea including state building, economic and cultural construction and building of armed forces and external affairs are now unthinkable apart from the WPK leadership.

The Workers' Party of Korea carries out all work in conformity with the interests of its people and reality of its country with the great chuche idea as its guideline. It has been strengthened and developed as an invincible revolutionary party, because it has firmly adhered to the chuche-based stand in the party building and activities.

A broad vista is spread before the Korean people advancing under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea and their revolutionary struggle will win one victory after another.

The Malagasy paper ATRIKA on 8 October and her radio and television on 10 October published articles on the occasion of the 38th birthday of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The Indian paper STATESMAN on 10 October and her PTI News Agency published articles titled "The Workers' Party of Korea Is the General Staff of the Korean Revolution" and Gabonese Radio No 1 aired an article on 10 October on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of the WPK founding.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

FILM ON KIM CHONG-IL PRC VISIT SHOWN IN JAPAN

SK200913 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0806 GMT 20 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 20 Oct (KCNA)--"China Visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il, Member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea," a documentary film on the visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il to China, was screened at the Kaiun Club and the Keio Plaza Hotel in Tokyo.

It was appreciated by Japanese public figures and people, diplomats and embassy officials of more than 20 countries including China, Indonesia, Finland, the United States, Britain, France, West Germany, Australia, Greece and Guatemala in Japan and correspondents of various countries. The film deeply impressed the audience.

Tokie Kobayoshi, vice-chairman of the Tokyo Metropolitan Japan-China Friendship Association, said: The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is indeed an illustrious man. His visit to China was a historic event of epochal significance in further consolidating and developing the friendship and unity between the Korean and Chinese peoples.

Saying that she clearly saw how deep the Chinese people's respect for and trust in Comrade Kim Chong-il are, director of the Women's Affairs Department of the Japan Socialist Party Masako Yamashita stressed: The kindred friendly relations between the Korean and Chinese peoples will be consolidated and developed down through generations.

Fusao Tanaka, former member of the Lower House, hoped for further strengthening and development of the friendly relations between the Korean and Chinese peoples, saying that he was deeply moved by the great appearance of Comrade Kim Chong-il conducting energetic external activities.

Norio Yamamoto, an organisation executive, said he sincerely hoped that the friendship and unity between the parties, governments and peoples of Korea and China would further strengthen and develop.

A company clerk Seiichi Hashimoto said that the Korea-China friendship which is strengthening and developing generation after generation makes a great contribution to peace in Asia.

The first secretary of the embassy of the Dominican Republic in Japan said: I quite envy the Korean people who have such an outstanding leader as Comrade Kim Chong-il.

The documentary film was also screened in Sapporo, Hokkaido, Joetsu, Niigata Prefecture, and at the 48th regular meeting of the Nagano Prefectural Federation of Private Railway Workers' Unions and the Minamimugono, Hyogo Prefecture, branch of the Village Liberation Union.

Overwhelmed with reverence for Comrade Kim Chong-il, the audience expressed deep emotion saying: "The Korean people have a really great leader," "a bright star rose over Korea" and "we were deeply moved by the great appearance and personality of the dear leader."

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

BRIEFS

TREATISE PUBLISHED IN IRAN--Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--"The Workers' Party of Korea Is a Chuche-Type Revolutionary Party Which Inherited the Glorious Tradition of the DIU," a treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, was recently brought out in booklet in Iran. It was published on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of the founding of the WPK and the first anniversary of the publication of the treatise. [Text] [SK190836 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0800 GMT 19 Oct 83]

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

JAPANESE DIETMEN ADOPT APPEAL ON SOUTH-RIGGED CHARGES

SK151106 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1051 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The "Council of Dietmen for Supporting Japan-Resident Korean Political Prisoners in South Korea" formed with 48 dietmen of Japan recently held a general meeting in Tokyo, at which an appeal was adopted.

The appeal said: The Japan-resident Korean political prisoners in South Korea are those who have their families and foundation of their living in Japan. They were suddenly arrested on charges of being "spies of North Korea" when they went to South Korea for study or for a visit to their native places.

Such cases were rigged up and made public in South Korea each time the "regime" was faced with a crisis as the anti—"government" movement gained momentum or the scandals of the "government" were brought to light, and used in putting down the anti—"government" movement and the people's criticism.

Though many alibis, material evidences and testimonies of third persons proving their guiltlessness were presented, the South Korean court totally ignored them.

The appeal recalled that families of Japan-resident Korean political prisoners in South Korea, dietmen and personages of various other circles rose for their rescue and complained to the United Nations Human Rights Committee on 10 occasions.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

CHONGNYON MARKS KIM CHONG-IL TREATISE ANNIVERSARY

SK200006 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2224 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Tokyo, 17 Oct (KNS-KCNA)--A lecture was given to cadres of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) on 17 October at the Korean hall in Tokyo on the first anniversary of the publication of "The Workers' Party of Korea Is a Chuche-Type Revolutionary Party Which Inherited the Glorious Tradition of the DIU," a treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Placed on the platform were a portrait of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song and a portrait of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Present at the lecture were Yi Chin-kyu, first vice-chairman, Pak Chae-no and So Man-sul, vice-chairmen, and department directors of the Central Standing Committee of Chongnyon, and leading functionaries of organisations and enterprises and other Chongnyon functionaries.

A lecture was given by First Vice-Chairman Yi Chin-kyu on the subject "the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is a great thinker and theoretician who gave a perfect solution to all problems raised by the cause of building a chuche-type revolutionary party."

The lecturer said that the treatise of the dear leader is an encyclopedic work systematizing and consummating in an allround way ideological and theoretical problems arising in successfully carrying out the cause of building a party of the working class in our era.

The treatise is an immortal monumental work which holds a special place in the party construction and the history of the revolutionary struggle of the popular masses as it clearly indicates the direction and way of building a party of the working class, a chuche-type revolutionary party, with profound principles and classic propositions, the lecturer said.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

ASIAN CHUCHE INSTITUTE ON DPRK FOUNDING

SK191117 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1014 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--A celebration of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was held at the Asian Regional Institute of the Chuche Idea and a meeting for the study of the Korean affairs was held in Yokohama, Kanagawa Prefecture, Japan.

A portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il were placed on the platform of the meeting hall of the Asian Regional Institute of the Chuche Idea.

The reporter and speakers at the celebration paid tribute to the successes achieved by the Korean people and stressed that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is displaying its majestic appearance in the world as the country of chuche independent in politics, self-sustaining in economy and self-reliant in national defence with the chuche idea thoroughly embodied in all fields.

Congratulatory messages to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il were adopted at the meeting.

The meeting for the study of the Korean affairs in Kanagawa heard a study report on "On the Chuche Idea," a treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, and a lecture on the subject "the current South Korean situation and Japan."

The reporter stressed that Comrade Kim Chong-il who is constantly developing and enriching the chuche idea is the great successor to the cause of chuche who is enjoying undisputed support and respect of the Korean people.

A letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song was adopted at the meeting.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KOREAN PAPER IN U.S. FLAYS CHON'S 'IMAGE SCHEME'

SK182253 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2228 GMT 18 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--A recent issue of HAEOE HANMINBO, a newspaper of Koreans published in the United States, carried an editorial entitled "International Function Used for Crackdown Upon People," which laid bare the futile attempts of the South Korean puppets to refurbish their image.

Lately the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" is making last-ditch efforts staking its existence on diplomacy, the editorial said, and continued: It is an open secret among diplomatic circles that Chon Tu-hwan launched a bribing operation with a staggering amount of money for the convocation of the Inter-Parliamentary Conference in Seoul.

When a "regime" without a foundation of the people tries to get recognition from without, it will intensify suppression of the people.

Referring to the fact that the puppets inflicted big sufferings upon the people through intensified suppression with such an "international function" as a conference of the IPU, the editorial said: They have turned down or evaded the just and inevitable demand and reprimand of the people on the pretext of the IPU conference, blaring that "they should not be poor in the eye of foreigners."

In this way the Chon Tu-hwan "regime," not supported by the people, is trying to prolong its remaining days by getting recognition from outside.

Expressing national feelings of shame at the despicable criminal moves of the South Korean puppets, the editorial stressed: The anti-national attempts of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" should be smashed to smithereens.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KCNA ON FOREIGN MEDIA REPORT ON KCNA STATEMENT

SK170007 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2206 GMT 16 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--Foreign mass media reported 12 October the statement of the Korean Central News Agency denouncing the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique for groundlessly linking the explosion in Rangoon with us.

The Yugoslav paper POLITIKA 14 October carried a summary of the statement titled "KCNA Issues Statement."

A summary of the KCNA statement was reported by the Yugoslav paper VJESNIK 14 October, the Tanjug News Agency, Belgrade and local radios and the Tanzanian paper DAILY NEWS 13 October, the PTI and UNI news agencies of India 12 October.

Noting that Chon Tu-hwan of South Korea is staging a frantic row to shift the responsibility for the explosion in Rangoon on to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the news agencies denounced Chon Tu-hwan's allegation as a preposterous ruse. They noted that, as facts clearly prove, Chon Tu-hwan's allegation that "the DPRK is behind the incident" is a trite method employed by the South Korean side.

They stressed that Chon Tu-hwan's foolish utterances about the Rangoon incident is motivated by the sinister political aim of fostering antagonism and confrontation between North and South Korea and further increasing tension on the Korean Peninsula.

The Indian papers NATIONAL HERALD, PATRIOT, INDIAN EXPRESS, HINDUSTAN TIMES, JAN YUG, ECONOMIC TIMES and FINANCIAL TIMES reported the gist of the KCNA statement on 13 October.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KCNA ON SECOND SESSION OF 12TH CPC CENTRAL COMMITTEE

SK131632 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1543 GMT 13 Oct 83

[Text] Beijing, 12 Oct (KCNA)--A communique on the second plenary session of the 12th Central Committee of the Communist Party of China was issued in Beijing on 12 October, according to a XINHUA report. According to the communique, the plenary session was held in Beijing on 11 and 12 October 1983. A preparatory meeting was held prior to the session.

Presiding over the session were Hu Yaobang, Ye Jianying, Deng Xiaoping, Zhao Ziyang, Li Xiannian and Chen Yun, members of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee.

The session adopted a "resolution of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China on party consolidation." The decision is in the spirit of the 12th CPC National Congress and provides the fundamental principles, tasks, policies and methods for party consolidation.

A central commission to ensure day-to-day leadership in guiding party consolidation was elected.

Comrades Deng Xiaoping and Chen Yun made important speeches on party consolidation at the session.

Comrade Deng Xiaoping in his speech raised the question of improving ideological work.

The session decided that the Central Committee would hold a meeting this winter or next spring to discuss the question and take decisions.

The session decided to add new members to the CPC Central Committee and to the Central Advisory Commission.

The session called upon all the party members to study hard the "decision of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China on party consolidation" and actively participate in party consolidation.

CSO: 4100/014

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### KIM IL-SONG REPLIES TO PRC, SOVIET, OTHER LEADERS

SK131600 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1507 GMT 13 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 13 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent messages to party and state leaders of various countries in reply to their messages of greetings to him on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

He sent reply messages to Comrade Hu Yaobang, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Comrade Li Xiannian, president of the People's Republic of China, Comrade Peng Zhen, chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the PRC; Comrade Yuri Vladimirovich Andropov, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and president of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; Comrade Mica Spiljak, president of the presidency of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, general secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and president of the Romanian Socialist Republic; Comrade Erich Honecker, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and chairman of the State Council of the German Democratic Republic; Comrade Fidel Castro Ruz, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Cuba, president of the Council of State and president of the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Cuba; Comrade Todor Zhivkov, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and president of the State Council of the People's Republic of Bulgaria; Comrade Janos Kadar, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, and Comrade Pal Losonczi, president of the Presidential Council of the Hungarian People's Republic; Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party and chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Polish People's Republic, and Comrade Henryk Jablonski, president of the Council of State of the Polish People's Republic; Comrade Gustav Husak, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party and president of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic; Comrade Yu. Tsedenbal, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and chairman of the Presidium of the Great People's Khural of the Mongolian People's Republic;

Comrade Enver Hoxha, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, and Comrade Ramiz Alia, president of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania; Comrade Le Duan, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Vietnam, and Comrade Truong Chinh, chairman of the State Council of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam; Kaysone Phomvihane, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party and premier of the government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic, and Souphanouvong, president of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and president of the Presidium of the People's Supreme Council; Birendra Bir Bikram Shah Deva, king of Nepal; Judge Abul Fazal Muhammad Ahsanuddin Chowdhury, president of the People's Republic of Bangladesh; Lt General Hussain Muhammad Ershad, president of the Council of Ministers of the PRB; U San Yu, president of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma; Malietoa Tanumafili the Second, head of state of Western Samoa; J.R. Jayewardene, president of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka; Chengara Veetil Devanv Nair, president of the Republic of Singapore; Seyed Ali Khamenei, president of the Islamic Republic of Iran; Giani Zail Singh, president of the Republic of India; Soeharto, president of the Republic of Indonesia; Norodom Sihanouk, president of Democratic Kampuchea; Bhumibol Adulyadej, king of Thailand; Mohammad Zia-Ul-Haq, president of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan; Ahmed Sekou Toure, secretary-general of the Democratic Party of Guinea and president of the Guinean Revolutionary People's Republic; Joao Bernardo Vieira, general secretary of the African Party for Independence of Guinea-Bissau and Cape Verde and president of the Revolutionary Council of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau; Jerry John Rawlings, chairman of the Provisional National Defence Council of the Republic of Ghana; El Hadj Omar Bongo, president of the Republic of Gabon; Alhaji Shehu Shagari, president of the Federal Republic of Nigeria; Samuel Kanyon Doe, head of state, chairman of the Council for Relieving People and commander-in-chief of the Republic of Liberia; Didier Ratsiraka, president of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar; Moussa Traore, general secretary of the Malian People's Democratic Union and president of the Republic of Mali; D. Burrenchobay, governor-general of Mauritius; and Aneerood Jugnauth, prime minister of Mauritius; Ristides Pereira, president of the Republic of Cape Verde; Thomas Sankara, president of the Republic of Seychelles; Abdou Diouf, president of the Republic of Senegal; Canaan Banana, president, and Robert G. Mugavoe, prime minister, of the Republic of Zimbabwe; Obiang Nguema Mbasogo, president of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea; General Andre Kolingba, president of the Military Committee for National Redressment and head of state of the Central African Republic; Paul Biya, president of the United Republic of Cameroon; Gnassingbe Eyadema, president-founder of the Togolese People's Rally and president of the Republic of Togo; Moammer El Gaddafi, leader of the Great September First Revolution of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya; Amin Gemayel, president of the Republic of Lebanon; Ali Nasser Mohamed, secretary general of the Central Committee of the Yemen Socialist Party, chairman of the Presidium of the People's Supreme Council and chairman of the Council of Ministers of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen; Mohamed Khouna Ould Haidalla, president of the Military Committee of National Salvation and head of state of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania; Mohamed Abdelaziz, president of the

Saharan Arab Democratic Republic and secretary general of the Polisario Front; Afez al Assad, president of the Syrian Arab Republic; Gaafar Mohammed Nimeiri, president of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan; Mohamed Siad Barre, general secretary of the Somali Socialist Revolutionary Party and president of the Somali Democratic Republic; Mohamed Hosni Mubarak, president of the Arab Republic of Egypt; Hassan Bin Talal on behalf of the king of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan; Li Abdullah Saleh, president of the Yemen Arab Republic, commander-in-chief of the armed forces and general secretary of the General People's Congress; Chadli Bendjedid, president of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic and secretary-general of the Algerian National Liberation Front Party; Jaber al-Ahmed al-Jaber al-Sabah, amir of state of Kuwait; Yassar Arafat, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation and commander-in-chief of the Palestine Revolutionary Armed Forces; Habib Bourguiba, president of the Republic of Tunisia; Olav the Fifth, king of Norway; Margrethe the Second, queen of Denmark; Agatha Barbar, president, and Dominic Mintoff, prime minister, of the Republic of Malta; Carl Gustaf, king of Sweden; Rudolf Kirchschlager, president of the Republic of Austria; Vigdis Finnbogadottir, president of the Republic of Iceland; Mauno Koivisto, president of the Republic of Finland; Antonio Ramalho Eanes, president of the Portuguese Republic; Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham, leader of the People's National Congress of Guyana and president of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana; Maurice Bishop, chairman of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the New Jewel Movement of Grenada and prime minister of the People's Revolutionary Government of Grenada; Daniel Ortega Saavedra, coordinator of the Council of the Government of National Reconstruction of the Republic of Nicaragua; Miguel de La Madrid Hurtado, president of the United States of Mexico; John Michael Geoffrey Manningham Adams, prime minister of Barbados; Luis Herrera Campins, president of the Republic of Venezuela; Edward Seaga, prime minister of Jamaica; John George Melvin Compton, prime minister of Saint Lucia; and Robert Milton Cato, prime minister of St Vincent and the Grenadines.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in his reply messages expressed deep thanks for warm congratulations and greetings extended to him on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and expressed the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between our country and these countries will grow stronger and develop in the future.

He wished the party and state leaders and people of these countries greater successes in their struggle for the independent development of the countries and for the building of a new society.

CSO: 4100/014

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### APN MARKS USSR-DPRK TIES ANNIVERSARY

SK131034 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1024 GMT 13 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 13 Oct (KCNA)--The Soviet News Agency APN recently published an article captioned "Anniversary of Friendly and Cooperative Relations" on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between Korea and the Soviet Union.

Noting that 35 years ago diplomatic relations were established between the Soviet Union and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which was founded as a worker-peasant state, it said that the Soviet Union which was the first to officially recognise the DPRK supported the right of the Korean people to found a single democratic sovereign state.

It introduced, citing instances, the constant development of the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries ever since the founding of the DPRK.

The Soviet Union has invariably called and calls for the peaceful and democratic settlement of the Korean issue and a removal of the root cause of tensions in this area, it noted, and said: The month of solidarity with the struggle of the Korean people for forcing the U.S. troops out of South Korea and achieving the reunification of the country peacefully on a democratic principle without foreign interference, which is observed every year in the Soviet Union, is a clear expression of this stand.

In conclusion it expressed the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between the Soviet Union and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will grow stronger and develop.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KCNA REPORTS ON ARRIVAL, DEPARTURE OF FOREIGN FIGURES

SK010407 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0351 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--The Korean film delegation headed by Choe Yong-chin, deputy editor-in-chief of the Korean Scenario Writers Society, which had visited Tunisia, and another film delegation headed by Chong In-sun, vice-president of the Korean Film Studio, which had visited Syria and the Korean art exhibition delegation which had visited the Soviet Union returned home on 30 September.

The second Chinese friendship visiting group headed by Chen Bing, chairman of the Tianjin Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a delegation of the Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association headed by its Secretary Mette Tua Muller, a delegation of the National Council of the Romanian Pioneers Organisation headed by Poliana Cristescu, secretary of the Central Committee of the Union of Romanian Communist Youth and president of the National Council of the Romanian Pioneers Organisation, Pierre Boudot, professor of No 1 University of Paris, France, and a delegation for the study of the chuche idea of Benin arrived in Pyongyang yesterday.

T.B. Mukherjee, director of the Asian Regional Institute of the Chuche Idea, the Lao sports delegation which had attended the 32nd meeting of the chairmen of the sports organisations of socialist countries, the delegation of the Japan-Korea Trade Association headed by its chief director Riichiro Aikawa, the Japanese scholars delegation headed by Kenji Moriguchi, professor of Kyoto University, and Narayan S. Gajurel, journalist of the Nepalese paper SANDESH and delegate for the study of the chuche idea of Nepal, left here for home on 30 September.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

DFRF DELEGATION RETURNS FROM ROMANIA, YUGOSLAVIA

SK110029 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0353 GMT 8 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--The delegation of the Korean National Music Committee headed by its Chairman Kim Won-kyun which had attended the 20th general meeting of the International Music Council held in Sweden, the delegation of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland headed by Yo Yon-ku, director of the secretariat of its Central Committee, which had visited Romania and Yugoslavia, and the delegation of NODONG SINMUN headed by its First Deputy Editor-in-Chief Chong Ha-chon which had visited Poland returned home on 7 October.

The delegation of the support organization for "People's Korea" headed by Kim Chong-sik, vice-chairman of the Chiba prefectoral headquarters under the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, left Pyongyang on the same day after visiting the socialist homeland.

A GUANGMING RIBAO delegation of China headed by its First Deputy Editor-in-Chief Liu Aizhi, a delegation of the Chinese mass culture workers headed by Lu Jimin, director of the Mass Culture Department of the Ministry of Culture, a delegation of the Sweden-Korea Friendship Association headed by its Vice-Chairman Bert Andersson arrived in Pyongyang yesterday.

Shuhachi Inoue, deputy director of the Board of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea, and his party, the delegation of the Japanese activists of the support movement for Korean reunification headed by Makoto Ichikawa, vice-president of the International Liaison Committee for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and advisor to the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan, and the delegation of the Bulgarian paper RABOTNICHESKO DELO, organ of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party, headed by its Deputy Editor-in-Chief Kolio Kolev, left for home on 7 October.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

JAPANESE PRAISE KIM IL-SONG, KIM CHONG-IL

SK191202 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1037 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Tokyo, 17 Oct (KNS-KCNA)--A recent issue of CHOSON SINBO carried accounts of a round-table conversation it had recently with Seiichi Katsumata, ex-chairman of the Japan Socialist Party and member of the House of Representatives; Hiroshi Wakabayashi, general secretary of the Japan Committee for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea; and Yosho Hayashi, professor at Taisho University, who had attended the celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Seiichi Katsumata said: The republic which was a colony of Japan before it became independent has turned into a modern socialist industrial state in a short space of time after driving back the invasion of the U.S. imperialists.

The leadership of President Kim Il-song who has achieved the development of the republic today and the unity of the entire people wholly trusting and following him are the finest things in the world, I think.

One of the celebration activities was a mass parade of more than one million citizens of Pyongyang. It was a parade of felicitation and ecstasy of the citizens.

Recalling that the great leader in his speech at the banquet celebrating the 35th anniversary of the founding of the republic put forward a new proposal stipulating that the Supreme National Confederal Assembly and the Confederal Standing Committee, as the unified government of the confederal state, shall elect their respective co-chairmen both from the North and South, who will run these bodies in turn, in order to carry into practice the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo, Hiroshi Wakabayashi expressed the belief that the reunification of Korea will be realised in accordance with the reunification proposal put forward by him.

Yosho Hayashi said: Immense, indeed, is the strength of the Korean people united closely as one around their great leader.

Watching the background of the mass gymnastic display, I was amazed at its force and rhythm. Such thing is utterly impossible unless the hearts of tens of thousands of students and children are linked together as one.

President Kim Il-song has wisely led socialist construction, solving with originality problems to which no answer had yet been given anywhere else, under the banner of the chuche idea, though everything had been destroyed.

Noting that Secretary Kim Chong-il, elected as successor to the cause of chuche, has wisely led the republic from long ago and performed countless shining feats in many fields, Seiichi Katsumata expressed deepest reverence for him.

Hiroshi Wakabayashi said: The chuche idea must be further developed and enriched for the advancement of the Korean revolution. The great man who will carry it out is none other than Secretary Kim Chong-il who was born and grew in the flames of the anti-Japanese struggle.

Therefore, the Korean people unanimously elected him successor to the revolutionary cause pioneered by President Kim Il-song. It is happiness of the Korean people, indeed, to have such illustrious man as their leader, I think.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KCNA CITES KOREAN PAPER IN CANADA ON TAEGU BOMBING

SK141038 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1028 GMT 14 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--A recent issue of NEW KOREA TIMES, a newspaper of overseas compatriots published in Canada, carried an editorial in connection with the explosion at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu.

The editorial says: We think the recent incident showed that when the will of a peaceful people is oppressed by the evil power they use their strength as the last resort. It is a principle that resistance to oppression goes over to that of strength.

The fascist suppression by the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique "reached its extremity," surpassing that at the time of the Japanese imperialist colonial rule, the editorial says, and stresses: The ardent desires of the South Korean people for freedom and democracy, therefore, "could not but turn into struggle by strength."

The wholesale massacre committed by the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique in Kwangju clearly showed its ferocious nature. Querying whom a handful of military fascists trusted in committing such a crime, it goes on: Needless to say, it was because there are foreign forces which promised continued support to them, even though they massacred fellow countrymen.

The people realized, though belatedly, that the United States pretending to be "liberator" and "apostle of justice" is a supporter of the military terrorists suppressing the people and a manipulator of the anti-national clique, not a friend of the South Korean people.

An expression of indignation at the United States was precisely an arson at the "American Cultural Center" in Pusan and an explosion at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu.

Warning that when the United States fails to change the present policy backing the Chon Tu-hwan military hooligans and encouraging their suppression of the people, it will become a target of greater hatred of the South Korean people, the editorial says: We strongly demand an end to U.S. support to the dictatorial "regime."

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

PRAVDA MARKS ESTABLISHMENT OF USSR-DPRK RELATIONS

SK141537 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1502 GMT 14 Oct 83

[Text] Moscow, 12 Oct (KCNA)--The Soviet paper PRAVDA 12 October carried an article titled "Deep Roots" on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between our country and the Soviet Union.

Noting that the past years were the course of great turn and change covered by the Korean people under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea, the article stressed that the DPRK has turned into a socialist state with a powerful industry and developed agriculture in a historically short period.

The external relations of the DPRK have expanded and her international position has been raised, it noted.

Expressing solidarity with the Korean people's cause of national reunification, the article said: The DPRK Government and public circles are persistently struggling to make the U.S. troops totally and immediately withdraw from South Korea and let the Korean people in the North and South reunify the country peacefully in a democratic way without any foreign interference. This struggle enjoys sympathy of the the Soviet Union.

The article said in conclusion: On the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the opening of diplomatic relations between the two countries, the Soviet people will make all efforts in the future, too, to develop and strengthen the fraternal friendship and cooperative relations between the Soviet Union and the DPRK in the interests of the two countries and the cause of socialism and peace.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG REPLIES TO FOREIGN FIGURES

SK150351 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0339 GMT 15 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent messages to state leaders of various countries in reply to their messages of greetings in connection with the holding of the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries in Pyongyang.

Reply messages were sent to Muhammad Husni Mubarak, president of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Moussa Traore, general secretary of the Malian People's Democratic Union and president of the Republic of Mali, and Daniel Ortega Saavedra, coordinator of the Council of the Government of National Reconstruction of the Republic of Nicaragua.

In his reply messages the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song expressed deep thanks to them for their warm congratulations extended on the holding of the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries in our country, and said that he was much pleased with the great success of the conference thanks to the active participation of the delegations of various countries.

He expressed the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between our country and these countries will grow stronger and develop in the future in the common struggle for strengthening the nonaligned movement and expanding and developing South-South cooperation.

CSO: 4100/014

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### MEETING OF MALI-DPRK GROUP HELD 18 OCTOBER

SK190511 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 18 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--A meeting was held on 17 October at the Chollima House of Culture in welcome of the visiting delegation of the Mali-Korea Friendship Association headed by its honorary President and Minister of Interior Abderhamane Maiga.

The meeting was addressed by Finance Minister and Chairman of the Korea-Mali Friendship Association Yun Ki-chong and head of the delegation Abd Erhamane Maiga.

In her speech, Minister Yun Ki-chong noted that the Malian people are a courageous people who achieved the country's independence by their own struggle and an industrious people who are building a new life by their creative labour. She said they have achieved many successes in the struggle for realising national unity and developing the national economy and culture under the slogan "unity, solidarity and democracy."

She went on: Adhering to the principle of nonalignment, the Malian Government is pursuing an independent foreign policy and struggling against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for the complete liberation and unity of Africa.

The friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of Korea and Mali have developed onto a new, higher stage since his excellency President Moussa Traore visited our country in May 1976.

We are convinced that the relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries will grow stronger and develop in the future through the common struggle for independence against imperialism and wish the Malian people greater success in their endeavours for the development and prosperity of the country.

Head of the delegation Abderhamane Maiga said: The key to victory in Korea lies in that the entire people firmly trust and follow President Kim Il-song, the peerless, great leader, and the great leader guides the Korean revolution, trusting the people and relying on them.

We highly revere and laud Comrade Kim Chong-il with brilliant wisdom and insight.

The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is developing and enriching immortal Kimilsongism with his brilliant intelligence.

Referring to the question of Korean reunification, he stressed: Firm is our support, solidarity and sense of obligation to the Korean people's struggle for national reunification.

The reunification of Korea should be realized by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference, he said, and stressed: Our delegation was received by President Kim Il-song, the genius of revolution and construction and great thinker and theoretician, who imbues all of us with will and courage, brightly indicates the road of struggle for independence and happiness and gives conviction of victory. This was our highest honour and joy.

He wholeheartedly wished good health and a long life to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

CSO: 4100/014

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### KIM CHONG-IL RECEIVES FOREIGN MESSAGES

SK190407 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0347 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il received congratulatory messages and letters from various countries of the world on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

They came from Kiichiro Tsuyuki and Tadao Oishi of the Society of Kanagawa Teachers for the Study of the Chuche Idea, Japan; Eichi Shimizu of the Yamana City Society for the Study of the Chuche Idea, Japan; the Santama, Tokyo, Liaison Council for Japan-Korea Youth; Fumio Togasa, advisor to the Hitaka Company, Ltd. Japan, director of the Japan-Korea Association and permanent secretary of the Japan-Korea National Council; Sueko Yamaguchi, chairman of the Japan-Korea Women's Council of Kanagawa, Japan; Reiko Hirose, general secretary of the Japan-Korea Women's Council of Kanagawa, Japan; Shiro Takeda, chairman of the Kanagawa prefectural headquarters of the Japan Socialist Party; Zenji, Shibako, chairman of the Kanagawa district headquarters of the Japan League of Socialist Youth; the youth department of the Hachiojiji branch of the National Railway Workers' Union of Japan; the youth department of the Kofu branch of the National Railway Workers' Union of Japan; Takeji Hiroda, chairman of the Sagamihara district trade unions, Kanagawa Prefecture, Japan; Emiko Funada, chief of the Women's Department of the Kanagawa Prefectural Teachers Union of Japan; Noritoshi Anezaki, chairman of the Young Women's Council of the Kanagawa Prefectural Council of Japan; Kaku Ashika, chairman, and Tsutomu Kase, director of the Youth Measures Department, of the All Japan Federation of Peasants Unions; Kaheita Okazaki, chairman of the International Affairs Institute of Japan; Fusao Osono, chairman of the Kanagawa prefectural headquarters of the All Japan Confederation of Local Autonomy Government Workers' Unions; Yasuo Kato, chairman, and Tatsuo Yorizumi, vice-chairman, of the Sagami Railway Workers' Union, Kanagawa Prefecture, Japan; Shizuo Mishima, chief director, and Shinichiro Kanemaki, general secretary, of the Music Council of Japan; the Yokohama Football Association of Japan; the Yokohama City Sports Association of Japan; Mok Wai Kit, director of Macao Kwanghung Electrical Company; the Yokohama branch of the Nissan Fire and Marine Insurance Company, Ltd.; Mitsuji Moroboshi, chairman of the Kanagawa

Prefectural Council, Japan; Yoichi Tomonari, member of the Sagamihara Assembly, Kanagawa Prefecture, Japan; Ei Kato in Yokohama, Japan; and Zengichi Mori in Tokyo, Japan.

The congratulatory messages and letters extend warmest congratulations to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and wholeheartedly wish them good health and a long life.

CSO: 4100/014

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### LSWYK ARRANGES EXCURSION TO HISTORICAL SITES

SK190413 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0355 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--Organizations of the League of Socialist Working Youth in different parts of the country organised excursions to revolutionary battle sites and historical sites on 17 and 18 October on the occasion of the 57th anniversary of the formation of the Down-With-Imperialism Union (DIU).

Leading functionaries and members of the LSWY participated in the excursions organised in celebration of the historic day when the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song formed the DIU, the first genuine communist revolutionary organisation in our country, and gave origin to the revolutionary cause of chuché.

They inspected revolutionary battle sites and historical sites associated with the glorious and brilliant revolutionary history of the great leader and his feats in struggle and historical sites telling the undying feats of our party.

An excursion to the Oun historical site, a land of glory associated with our party's imperishable revolutionary history, was organised in Pyongyang on 18 October.

Meanwhile, cities and counties of Yanggang Province organised excursions to provincial revolutionary battle sites and historical sites and Chongjin Municipality to the Yombunjin and other historical sites in the city.

CSO: 4100/014

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### CHINESE MEDIA REPORT KIM IL-SONG SPEECH

SK200903 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0814 GMT 20 Oct 83

[Text] Beijing, 19 Oct (KCNA)--The Chinese mass media widely reported the gist of the speech of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the banquet he arranged in honour of Comrade Mengistu Haile Mariam, chairman of the Provisional Military Administrative Council of Socialist Ethiopia, on an official goodwill state visit to the DPRK.

PEOPLE'S DAILY 19 October under the title "President Kim Il-song Proposes Earliest Possible Convocation of South-South Summit Conference and Calls for Development of Cooperation Among Developing Countries" said: President Kim Il-song said at the banwuet that contacts and visits between the leaders of the newly-emerging countries are very beneficial and essential and facts show that a solution to the serious problems facing the world now lies in strengthening cooperation among the developing countries.

He proposed an early convocation of South-South summit conference.

He stressed in his speech: It is an irresistible trend of our time that the newly-emerging countries adhere to chajusong (independence) and realise the noble idea of mutual cooperation. This is a source of the great power of the anti-imperialist independent forces.

The gist of his speech was reported on the same day by GUANGMING DAILY under the title "President Kim Il-song Proposes Convocation of South-South Conference" and by LIBERATION ARMY DAILY and BEIJING DAILY under the headline "President Kim Il-song Proposes Early Convocation of South-South Summit Conference."

XINHUA reported his speech on 17 October and Radio Beijing on 18 October.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

BRIEFS

THAI DELEGATION HOSTS PARTY--Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--The Thai judicial delegation arranged a party at the Oknyu Restaurant on Sunday evening upon the conclusion of its Korean visit. Invited to the party were Kim Kwan-sop, chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations With Foreign Countries; Pang Hak-se, president of the Central Court; O Mun-han, vice-chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations With Foreign Countries and chairman of the Korea-Thailand Friendship Association, and personages concerned. Attending there were the members of the Thai judicial delegation headed by Banyat Suchiwa, chief justice of the Thai Supreme Court. Head of the delegation Banyat Suchiwa and Chairman Kim Kwan-sop spoke at the party. The attendants drank toasts to the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, to the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, and to the good health and long life of respected his majesty King Phumiphon Adunyadet. [Text] [SK171051  
Pyongyang KCNA in English 1026 GMT 17 Oct 83]

OUTGOING PDRY ENVOY--Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Yi Chong-ok, premier of the Administration Council, met and had a talk with Yassin Ahmed Saleh, ambassador of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to our country, when the latter paid a farewell call on him on 3 October. [Text] [SK040055  
Pyongyang KCNA in English 2206 GMT 3 Oct 83]

VIETNAMESE MINISTER VISITING--Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on 3 October met and had a friendly talk with Nguyen Thi Binh, minister of education of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, who is heading the delegation of Vietnam to the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries. [Text] [SK040859  
Pyongyang KCNA in English 0826 GMT 4 Oct 83]

DELEGATION TO PORTUGAL--Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)--Mario Soares, secretary-general of the Socialist Party of Portugal and prime minister of the country, on 30 September met the delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Kang Sok Sung, member of the WPK Central Committee and director of the party History Institute, who had attended the 5th Congress of the Socialist Party of Portugal, according to a report. The head of the delegation conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the prime minister. The prime minister expressed deep thanks for this and asked

the head of the delegation to convey his wholehearted greetings to the great leader. The talk took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK062345 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 6 Oct 83]

DELEGATION RETURNS FROM PORTUGAL--Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Kang Sok-sung, member of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and director of the party History Institute, returned home on 14 October by plane after attending the Fifth Congress of the Socialist Party of Portugal. It was met at the airport by Pak Song-pong, director of a department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and officials concerned. [Text] [SK142257 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2211 GMT 14 Oct 83]

OUTGOING BURUNDI ENVOY--Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Yi Chong-ok, premier of the Administration Council, on 7 October met and had a talk with Sylvère Gahunegu, Burundi ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Korea, when the latter paid a farewell call on him. Present there was a personage concerned. [Text] [SK072213 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2204 GMT 7 Oct 83]

EGYPTIAN ARMY DAY RECEPTION--Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)--Magdy A.N.A. el Guindy, military attache of the Egyptian Embassy in Pyongyang, hosted a reception at the Ongnyu Restaurant on the evening of 6 October to mark the army day of the Arab Republic of Egypt. Invited there were Comrade Paek Hak-nim, Lt Gen Pak Chung-kuk, Major General Yi Hong-sun, and other generals and officers of the Korean People's Army and military attaches of different embassies in Pyongyang. Charge d'affaires ad interim Abdelaziz Ibrahim and officials of the Egyptian Embassy in Pyongyang were present there. The reception was addressed by military attache Magdy A.N.A. el Guindy and Comrade Paek Hak-nim. The attendants toasted the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and the good health and long life of respected his excellency President Mohamed Husni Mubarak. [Text] [SK070449 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0353 GMT 7 Oct 83]

REPLY FROM SRV LEADER--Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Yi Chong-ok, premier of the Administration Council, received a message from Comrade Pham Van Dong, chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, in reply to his message of greetings to the latter on the 38th anniversary of the National Day of Vietnam. The message hopes that the friendly relations between the two peoples will consolidate and develop day by day. [Text] [SK080817 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0809 GMT 8 Oct 83]

CSSR POSTS, TELECOMMUNICATIONS DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 11 Oct (KCNA)--A Czechoslovak delegation of posts and telecommunications headed by Vlastimil Chalupa, minister of posts and telecommunications, arrived in Pyongyang on 10 October by plane. The delegation was met at the airport by Kim Yong-chae, minister of communications, and Josef Hadravek, Czechoslovak ambassador to Korea. The Administration Council arranged a party yesterday for the delegation. It was addressed by Minister of Communications

Kim Yong-chae and head of the delegation Vlastimil Chalupa. The attendants toasted the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the good health and long life of respected Comrade Gustav Husak. [Text] [SK102350 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2206 GMT 10 Oct 83]

REPLY FROM PRC LEADERS--Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Comrade Hu Yaobang, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Comrade Li Xiannian, president of the People's Republic of China, and Comrade Peng Zhen, chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the PRC, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 34th anniversary of the founding of the PRC. The reply message dated 10 October reads: We express most heartfelt thanks to you for your message warmly greeting the 34th anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China. Firmly believing that the great friendship forged between the Chinese and Korean peoples in blood in the protracted common struggle would certainly grow stronger in the future, we sincerely hope that you will lead the Korean people to achieve new greater successes in socialist construction and in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. [Text] [SK140007 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2202 GMT 13 Oct 83]

LEADERS THANKED FOR GREETINGS--Vientiane, 13 Oct (KPL)--Kaysone Phomvihan, general secretary of the Executive Committee of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party CC, chairman of the Council of Ministers; and Souphanouvong, president of the republic, recently received a telegram of thanks from Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Executive Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. The telegram, thanking the Lao leaders for their greetings on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the DPRK foundation, expressed conviction that the friendship relations between the two nations of the DPRK and Lao PDR will be improved and further developed, and wished the Lao leaders and people to score new and greater success in their struggle for socialist building. Vice-Chairman of Council of Ministers and Foreign Minister Phoun Sipaseuth, on the same occasion, also received a message of thanks from Ho Tam, vice-premier, minister of foreign affairs of the DPRK. [Text] [BK131236 Vientiane KPL in English 0909 GMT 13 Oct 83]

JAPANESE DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--A delegation of Japanese activists of the movement for supporting the reunification of Korea headed by Makoto Ichikawa, vice-president of the International Liaison Committee for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea and advisor to the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo), arrived in Pyongyang on 30 September. It was met at the airport by Kim Yong-sun, vice-chairman of the Korean Committee for Solidarity with the World People, and Kim U-chong, vice-chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0349 GMT 1 Oct 83]

DELEGATION VISITS SYRIA--Pyongyang, 29 Sep (KCNA)--A delegation of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards left Pyongyang on 28 September for a visit to Syria. The irrigation inspection group of China headed by Li Boning, vice-minister of water conservancy and power, the delegation of Guayaquil University, Ecuador, headed by Julio Romo-Leroux, dean of a faculty of the university, the delegation of Nigerian Lagos University headed by G.O. Olusanya, chairman of the Self-Reliance Research Study Group and professor of the university, and the delegation for the study of the chuche idea of Mexican University headed by its Professor Arturo Bonilla left here yesterday for home. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 29 Sep 83]

HWANG CHANG-YOP MEETING--Pyongyang, 29 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on 28 September met and had a friendly talk with Nirmal Bose, minister of cooperatives of the state of West Bengal, India. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0334 GMT 29 Sep 83] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on 29 September met and had a friendly talk with T.B. Mukherjee, director of the Asian Regional Institute of the Chuche Idea. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2218 GMT 29 Sep 83] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on 30 September met and had a friendly talk separately with Shuhachi Inoue, vice-director general of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea, and his party and Nigsch Otto, professor of Linz University of Austria. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2210 GMT 30 Sep 83]

CHONGNYON FUNCTIONARIES--Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--The Administration Council gave a reception at the Chongnyu Restaurant on the evening of 3 October for the delegation of functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Yi Song-u, deputy director of the Propaganda Department of the Chongnyon Central Standing Committee, on a visit to the socialist homeland. The reception was addressed by Kim Chu-yong, director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs, and Yi Song-u, head of the delegation. The attendants raised glasses to the good health and long life of the great leader of our party and our people Comrade Kim Il-song. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 4 Oct 83]

KOREANS FROM JAPAN--Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--The relay group for conveying loyal letters of 700,000 compatriots in Japan to the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song and to the party Central Committee on the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which is headed by Kim Hak-su, chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the League of Korean Youth in Japan, left Wonsan on 3 October by the ship "Samjiyon." Leaving by the same ship were the delegation of Korean educationists in Japan headed by O Song-sa, director of the Educational Department of the Chongnyon Central Standing Committee; the delegation of Chongnyon functionaries headed by Kim Yong-chun, a section chief of the Political Department of the Chongnyon Central Standing Committee; the delegation of active compatriots under Chongnyon headed by Cho Hyok-nae, a section chief of the Organizational Department of the Chongnyon Central Standing Committee; the delegation of Chongnyon youth functionaries headed by Kang Chang-su;

the delegation of Chongnyon journalists headed by Kang Tu-hwan, a section chief of the Editorial Department of CHOSON SINBO; and the 59th short-term home-visiting group of Koreans in Japan headed by Mun Su-pom, a section chief of the Hyogo prefectural headquarters of Chongnyon. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 4 Oct 83]

DELEGATION TO UGANDA--Vice President Paulo Muwanga has hailed the cordial relationship prevailing between Uganda and the DPRK, which he attributed to the fraternity between the leaders of the two countries. The vice president was receiving a three-man delegation led by the vice president of the Central Committee of the Association of the Korean Social Scientists and president of the Academy of (?jucheidea) of Korea, Dr (Tui Mon-ho), who paid a courtesy call on him at his office in Kampala. Mr Muwanga assured the delegation that the brotherly relations existing between the two countries will be cemented further. The vice president expressed gratitude and appreciation for the invaluable assistance the government of the DPRK has extended to Uganda. Prof (Tui Mon-ho) briefed the vice president on the role of the (Juche) Academy and extended an invitation to the Ugandan academicians to visit the academy and exchange ideas with their counterparts. The meeting was attended by the ambassador of the DPRK in Uganda, Mr Chang Tae-hui. [Text] [EA150122 Kampala Domestic Service in English 1700 GMT 14 Oct 83]

PDRY REVOLUTION ANNIVERSARY--Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--Papers here today dedicate articles to the 20th anniversary of the October 14 revolution in the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen. An article of NODONG SINMUN notes that this day 20 years ago the patriotic people of Democratic Yemen started their first armed struggle against the colonialists who had invaded their country and for genuine national independence and freedom under the leadership of the United National Front and won independence through an arduous armed struggle for more than 4 years. The author of the article says: A successful work is in progress in Democratic Yemen to raise the overall living standards of the people to a higher stage by building an independent national economy, while smashing the repeated subversive activities and sabotage of the imperialists. Pursuing a non-aligned external policy, Democratic Yemen opposes imperialism, colonialism, racism and Zionism and actively supports the struggle of peoples for national liberation. The friendly and cooperative relations between Korea and Democratic Yemen are developing day by day. Our people sincerely rejoice over the successes made by the Democratic Yemeni people in their endeavours for building a socialist society and hope that they will register greater successes in their future struggle. Warmly congratulating them on the 20th anniversary of the October 14 revolution, the Korean people look forward to further strengthening and development of the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries. [Text] [SK141621 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1543 GMT 14 Oct 83]

LETTERS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES--Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--Letters to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il were adopted at a meeting which was held in the Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association, a celebration at the Lahore branch of the Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association, a Khartoum central

mass rally, New Delhi celebration meetings and at the group for the study of the independent idea of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in Freetown which attended a seminar on the chuche idea, on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. The letter from the celebration at the Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association said: The Democratic People's Republic of Korea founded and guided by the great leader his excellency President Kim Il-song is a model and beacon of hope for Asia and the world. Under the outstanding and tested leadership of Your Excellency Kim Chong-il, dear leader, the DPRK enjoys high praise as the country of miracles of the 20th century and homeland of juche from the world progressive people. The Korean people who attend your excellency, dear leader, in high esteem as the successor to the revolutionary cause of chuche, are the happiest people. The letter from the Khartoum central mass rally said that the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il has not only developed and enriched the chuche idea founded by the great leader President Kim Il-song but also is thoroughly embodying it in the revolution and construction. Just as the DPRK was founded by the heroic struggle of the Korean people, so the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo will certainly be realised. The letter sent by the group for the study of the independent idea of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in Freetown, Sierra Leone, said that as the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il is carrying forward the revolutionary cause of his excellency President Kim Il-song with full grasps on his revolutionary doctrine, the future of Korea is still brighter. The letters wholeheartedly wished the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il good health and a long life.

[Text] [SK141614 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1532 GMT 14 Oct 83]

BLOCKADE OF AWALI RIVER LINE--Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--The Israeli defence minister, at the Foreign Relations and Defence Committee of the National Assembly recently, talked about the blockade of the Awali River line of southern Lebanon. Commenting on this, NODONG SINMUN today says that this reveals the sinister intention of the Zionists to isolate southern Lebanon from the other region and divide and rule her. The signed commentary says: By blocking the Awali River line, the Israeli aggressors scheme to draw a pseudo borderline across the Lebanese territory, permanently divide the country into north and south and place her southern region under their control. It is the invariable intention of the Israeli aggressors to annex southern Lebanon. They are building various structures along the Awali River line and undertaking construction projects of military nature everywhere in southern Lebanon. It must be noted that they claim without hesitation that the Awali River area tens of kilometers away from the Israeli borderline is the "defence line of Israel," even working out a plan to build Jewish settlements in southern Lebanon. This indicates the scheme of the Zionists to include southern Lebanon in the Israeli territory and use it as a forward base and bridgehead against Lebanon and other Arab countries. The Israeli aggressors must give up the criminal scheme to divide and rule Lebanon and promptly get out of southern Lebanon they are illegally occupying. [Text] [SK141606 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1528 GMT 14 Oct 83]

REPLY FROM PRC LEADERS--Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Comrade Hu Yaobang, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, and Comrade Deng Xiaoping, chairman of the Central Advisory Commission of the CPC, and Comrade Li Xiannian, president of the People's Republic of China, in reply to his message of condolence sent to them in connection with the death of Comrade Tan Zhenlin, vice-chairman of the Central Advisory Commission of the CPC. The reply message dated 12 October reads: We express heartfelt thanks to you for your message of condolence in connection with the death of Comrade Tan Zhenlin, vice-chairman of the Central Advisory Commission of the Communist Party of China. [Text] [SK140504 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0416 GMT 14 Oct 83]

LETTER FROM CHUCHE INSTITUTE--Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il received a letter from a meeting celebrating the third anniversary of the founding of the Asian Regional Institute of the Chuche Idea. The letter says: Your excellency brilliantly developing and enriching the theoretical and practical problems of the chuche idea in order to completely realise the chajusong (independence) of the popular masses and give full play to their creative ingenuity are an outstanding successor to the revolutionary cause started by the great leader President Kim Il-song. Your excellency's energetic ideological and theoretical activities are bringing about a historical turn in accomplishing the revolutionary cause of the popular masses. Today the progressive people of the world, taking your excellency's immortal works as a theoretical and practical guideline, are struggling against imperialism and dominationism. The letter sincerely wishes the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il good health and a long life. [Text] [SK150825 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0817 GMT 15 Oct 83]

UNFAO DIRECTOR GENERAL--Pyongyang, 16 Oct (KCNA)--Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Tam sent a message of greetings to Eduard Saouma, director-general of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, on the occasion of the "Day of World Food." The message wishes the director-general and the organization greater successes in the future work for attaining the target of eliminating the disasters of hunger and malnutrition by the year 2000. [Text] [SK161038 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0849 GMT 16 Oct 83]

REPLY FROM PREMIER ZHAO ZIYANG--Pyongyang, 16 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Yi Chong-ok, premier of the Administration Council, received a message from Comrade Zhao Ziyang, premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 34th anniversary of the founding of the PRC. The reply message wishes the fraternal Korean people greater successes in socialist construction and hopes that the traditional friendship between the Chinese and Korean peoples will be consolidated and developed with each passing day. [Text] [SK161027 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0859 GMT 16 Oct 83]

LETTER TO CYPRIOT PROGRESSIVE PARTY--Pyongyang, 16 Oct (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea on 15 October sent a letter of solidarity to the Central Committee of the Progressive Party of the Working People of Cyprus in support of the "International Conference for Solidarity With Cyprus" to be held in the capital of the Republic of Portugal. The letter reads: Extending warm fraternal greetings to you, the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea supports the "International Conference for Solidarity With Cyprus" slated in Lisbon and wishes it great successes. Availing ourselves of this opportunity, we bitterly condemn the plot of the imperialists to perpetuate the division of Cyprus and express firm solidarity with your people in the just struggle to achieve the reunification of the country by their own efforts without foreign interference. Believing that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two parties will continue to grow stronger and develop in the interests of the anti-imperialist common struggle, we wish your party greater success in its righteous struggle. With high considerations. [Text] [SK161031  
Pyongyang KCNA in English 0901 GMT 16 Oct 83]

REPLY FROM AL-QADHDHAFI--Pyongyang, 16 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Colonel Mu'ammar al-Qadhdhafi, the leader of the great September first revolution of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 14th anniversary of the September first revolution of the Libyan people. The reply message dated 10 October says: I express thanks to you for your felicitations on the occasion of the 14th anniversary of the September first revolution. Expressing deep thanks to you for your good feelings on behalf of the Jamahiriyan people, I wish you good health and happiness. [Text] [SK161055  
Pyongyang KCNA in English 0829 GMT 16 Oct 83]

HUNGARIAN MILITARY DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 16 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Yong-nam on 15 October met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the Ministry of Interior of the Hungarian People's Republic headed by its Minister Istvan Horvath. Present on the occasion were Vice-Minister of Public Security Choe Mun-tok and Hungarian Ambassador to our country Etre Sandor. [Text] [SK161036  
Pyongyang KCNA in English 0846 GMT 16 Oct 83]

KIM IL-SONG ANNIVERSARY SPEECH--Pyongyang, 17 Oct (KCNA)--The Yugoslav paper SLOBODNA DALMACIJA and the GDR paper HORIZONT carried the speech of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the banquet celebrating the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. His speech was reported by the Nepalese paper JANA DOOT, the Kuwaiti papers AL-QABAS and KUWAIT TIMES, the Bangladesh papers DESH and CAPITAL NEWS, the Algerian paper AL CHAAB, the Indian paper STATESMAN, the Tanzanian paper MFANYA KAZI, the Ghanaian paper THE ECHO, the Guyanese paper NEW NATION, the Maltese paper IT-TORCA, the Nicaraguan paper EL NUEVO DIARIO, the Afghan papers TRUTH OF APIRL REVOLUTION and ANIS and the television and radio of the country and the Indian Hindustan Samachar News Agency. [Text] [SK170431  
Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 17 Oct 83]

GDR EDUCATION DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 18 Oct (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Kong Chin-tae on 17 October met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of higher and technical education of the German Democratic Republic headed by Vice-Minister of Higher and Technical Education Siegfried Schvanke. Present there were Vice-Chairman of the Education Commission Han Ki-hwan and GDR Ambassador to our country Karl-Heinz Kern. [Text] [SK180911 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0811 GMT 18 Oct 83]

MESSAGE TO NIGER PRESIDENT--Pyongyang, 18 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of solidarity on 18 October to General Seyni Kountche, chairman of the Supreme Military Council and head of state of the Republic of Niger, in connection with the fact that a coup plot was put down in time and the government of the republic defended in the Republic of Niger. The message reads: I extend firm solidarity, along with felicitations, to you on the fact that on 6 October a coup plot was put down in time in your country and the power of the republic defended. Availing myself of this opportunity, I heartily wish you new success in your precious work for the consolidation of national independence and for the development and prosperity of the country. [Text] [SK181543 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1515 GMT 18 Oct 83]

MALI-DPRK GROUP LEAVES FOR HOME--Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--The delegation of the Mali-Korea Friendship Association headed by Abderhamane Maiga, honorary president of the Mali-Korea Friendship Association and minister of Interior of Mali, returned home yesterday by air. It was seen off at the airport by Yun Ki-chong, minister of finance and chairman of the Korea-Mali Friendship Association, and Kim Sang-chun, vice-chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations With Foreign Countries and vice-chairman of the Korea-Mali Friendship Association. [Text] [SK190517 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2238 GMT 18 Oct 83]

CHONGNYON GROUP VISITS--Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Chung-nin on 18 October met the delegation of functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Yi Song-u, vice-director of the Propaganda Department of the Chongnyon Central Standing Committee, now staying in the socialist homeland and had a talk with them in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic feelings. Present there was Kim Chu-yong, director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs. [Text] [SK190451 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0431 GMT 19 Oct 83]

SWEDISH FRIENDSHIP GROUP--Pyongyang, 20 Oct (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Kong Chin-tae on 19 October met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the Sweden-Korea Friendship Association headed by its Vice-Chairman Bert Andersson. [Text] [SK200010 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2202 GMT 19 Oct 83]

POLISH NEWSPAPER DELEGATION ARRIVES--Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--A delegation of the Polish paper RZECZPOSPOLITA headed by Jozef Barecki, editor-in-chief of RZECZPOSPOLITA, organ of the government of the Polish People's Republic,

arrived here Monday by air. It was met at the airport by Chae Chun-pyong, editor-in-chief of MINJU CHOSON, and other personages concerned and Stanislaw Jewdoszuk, charge d'affaires ad interim of the Polish Embassy here. In the evening the MINJU CHOSON office arranged a party for the delegation. [Text] [SK030058 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2208 GMT 3 Oct 83]

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

NODONG SINMUN CONDEMNS MID-EAST STRIKE FORCE

SK191147 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1029 GMT 19 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today comes out with a commentary denouncing the U.S. administration's decision to set up a "Mid-East strike force."

The author of the commentary titled "Crafty Armed Interventionist Attempt" says: The founding of the "Mid-East strike force" is a new armed interventionist attempt of the U.S. imperialists in this region; it shows that their moves to establish domination over the Gulf area by "strength" are becoming craftier and more heinous.

They try to threaten and blackmail the countries in this region by "strength" and bring under their domination the oil-rich Gulf area of strategic importance.

With this aim in mind they are continuing to reinforce their aggression forces on the one hand and trying on the other to inveigle some countries in the region in the execution of their strategy.

Originally, it has been a habitual method of U.S. imperialism to fish in the troubled waters by making Asians fight among themselves in Asia and the people in the Middle East fight among themselves. The scheme to found the new "Mid-East strike force" is a product of this scheme.

The U.S. imperialists intend to arm Arab people with weapons of U.S. brand and drive them against other Arab people of the same blood and make them fight among themselves, and thus establish their domination over this region without much difficulty. This hints at the fact that their moves for domination and intervention in the Middle East are getting more malicious.

The ever more intensified aggressive and interventionist moves of U.S. imperialism are a grave criminal act wrecking peace and security in the Middle East and threatening the sovereignty of Arab countries.

It is an anachronistic dream to try to bring the people to their knees by "strength." The U.S. imperialists must give up the attempt to meddle in the internal affairs of the Middle East with arms.

CSO: 4100/014

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

BRIEFS

BERLIN CELEBRATIONS NOTED--Pyongyang, 10 Oct (KCNA)--A parade of the National People's Army was held in Berlin on 7 October to mark the 34th foundation anniversary of the German Democratic Republic, according to a report. Erich Honecker, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and chairman of the Council of State, and other leading figures reviewed the parade. A national day reception was given in the evening. Erich Honecker made a speech there. He said in his speech: The planned deployment of new medium-range missiles of the United States in Western Europe, of nuclear first strike weapons, would be a step of fateful consequences. This serious threat to peace in our continent and in the world must not materialize. It must not come about that from German soil, from the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany, the danger of a war again emanates, he stressed. [Text] [SK100821 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0815 GMT 10 Oct 83]

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